



AFTER THE \$50,000,000 AGAIN.

House Passes Measure Approving Amending of Constitution to Prevent Bond Issue.

By the action of the House in passing the Sprout resolution to amend the constitution so as to permit of a \$50,000,000 bond issue for the construction of public highways, the question will be put up to the people at the general election in November, 1918.

By the time opponents of the proposition, who lost their fight in the Legislature recently, hope to have waged a successful campaign against it, just as they did when a similar proposition was voted down at the polls in 1913. The rollcall showed 115 votes for the measure, or only eleven more than the required majority, and 61 against it.

Leading the fight against the measure was the Pennsylvania State Grange, which contends it is unjust and unnecessary to saddle the Commonwealth with a great debt for road building when there are so many untouched sources of regular revenue. Fred Breckman, who heads the legislative branch of the grange, said, following the passage of the measure:

"Equalized taxation would give sufficient money for road building. We want good roads, and we want them as quickly as we can get them, but we will not stand for this method of getting them. This Legislature has declined to impose trifling taxes upon manufacturing corporations and upon the production of coal, natural gas and oil. Until these and other rightful sources of revenue, such as the real estate of public service corporations, are taxed, we see no good or valid reason why the Commonwealth should be plunged into debt for roads. The people had the wisdom to defeat the proposition four years ago, and I believe it will be beaten again. The State Grange will fight it to the limit."

The Senate passed finally the bill appropriating \$12,515,000 for public roads. This, with the \$6,000,000 estimated revenue from automobile licenses dedicated to good roads, makes a total of more than \$18,500,000 appropriated by the Legislature for roads for the next two years.

This sum is ample for purposes until the state believes in equalized taxation.

Johnson—DeLagarde.

Amid pastoral scenes, with the stillness broken only by the singing of the birds, the tinkling of the brook, the whispering of the flowers and humming of the bees, a romance that began amid shrieking shells and screams of the wounded on the battlefields of France, came to happy culmination on Monday last week when Owen Johnson, of New York, and Mlle. Cecile de Lagarde were united in marriage.

The ceremony was performed in the chapel on the Boal estate at Boalsburg, by Father O'Hanlon, at 8 a. m.

The happy couple first met while they were engaged in war relief work in France. They will return to their work across the sea in August.

Owen Johnson is a noted author whose books and stories in the popular magazines have delighted thousands of readers.

The bride is a sister-in-law of Capt. Theodore Davis Boal and has been a frequent visitor at his home. She has been active in Red Cross work in France, her native country, for three years. Her French country house since early in the war has been a base hospital for wounded soldiers. She has been at Boalsburg for several weeks on leave of absence.

Red Cross Auxiliary Organized.

Tuesday evening of last week an auxiliary to the Centre County Red Cross Chapter was organized at Centre Hall, with a membership of seventy-seven.

The meeting was held in Grange Arcadia, Rev. Josiah Still acting as chairman. Short addresses were made by Revs. D. S. Kurtz and R. R. Jones, after which Mrs. Mitchell presented the work of the Red Cross, the plans for organizing, etc. An organization was then effected by the election of the following officers: President, Mrs. H. F. Bitner; vice president, Mrs. Lillian Alexander, secretary, Miss Freda Bailey; treasurer, Miss M. Delinda Potter.

Increase of Salary.

Governor Brumbaugh approved two amendments to the school code. One fixes the salary of county school superintendents between \$2000 and \$2500 unless school boards vote a higher figure and the other makes the minimum for assistant superintendents \$1800 per year.

The high price of feed has caused a curtailment in the holdings of livestock of all kinds on many of the farms.

SCHOOL OPENS AUGUST 27.

School Board Tacks on Extra Mill for School Purposes.—Dr. H. F. Bitner Tenders Resignation, but Will Continue as Secretary Until Next Spring.

A new school year began with the meeting of the board of school directors on July 2nd. A number of important matters came before the board for consideration. Dr. H. F. Bitner, the secretary, owing to his removal from the town next spring, tendered his written resignation as a member of the board, which, under the circumstances, was accepted. He had served only one year of his four-year term, and his resignation will necessitate the election of a new member at the primaries this fall. Since the school code provides that a secretary of the school board need not necessarily be a member of the board, Dr. Bitner was requested to continue in that capacity until a new member was elected. He agreed to the wishes of the board.

The school tax was increased by one mill, the new schedule being eight mills for general purposes and two mills for building. The extra mill will result in only \$160 coming into the school treasury.

Complying with the requirements of the state board, the members voted to expend a sum in the neighborhood of \$300 for a reference library and apparatus for laboratory work in the teaching of agriculture. The apparatus will include a compound microscope, working table, various flasks, vessels, etc.

July 14th being the last day on which teachers may article, and since none of the present corps had attended to that duty up to the time of the meeting, the secretary was instructed to have them sign their contracts at an early date.

Monday, August 27th, was set as the opening day for the 1917-18 school term.

Letter from North Dakota.

Editor Reporter:

Enclosed find \$3.00 for the Reporter, which, the longer I get the more eagerly I look for. Since I have been bereft of my loved ones, I turn to it more than I ever did before.

Will write you concerning farming conditions here. We had a very cold and dry spring and the summer has been the same so far, so that the farmer is not looking for big returns. There have been so many hard and storms that thousands of acres of grain have been blown out, and gardens are a complete failure, due to the sand storms. In many places potatoes have been completely blown out of the ground. This is a very sandy country and with so much high wind and so dry a climate, the sand is bound to blow. That is something the eastern people know nothing about. I have seen sand blow so thick that it was impossible to see the houses across the street. In some places the sand is drifted on piles like the snow in the east.

Last year North Dakota would have had one of the best harvests in its history had it not been for the black rust which set in. The result of that was a great deal of wheat was not cut for it wouldn't have paid for the time it would have taken to bind it, owing to the heavy straw. Because of this condition the threshermen set a new schedule of prices, the farmers having to pay from \$15.00 to \$20.00 an hour for threshing. In this country all threshing is charged by the hour. It will readily be seen that after such expenses have been paid the farmer has little left for his labors.

I expect to get to see my old home again within a year or two. With this I will close, with kindest regards to old friends.

MRS. MARY H. PRICE,
(nee Mary H. Emerick).
Maxbase, N. D., July 2, 1917.

Attendance of Teachers at Summer Session at State College Cut by War.

War-time conditions have cut deeply into attendance at the Pennsylvania State College summer session for teachers. The registration list showed 620 on hand, about 400 less than were enrolled on the corresponding day last year. With the public schools of Pittsburgh and Scranton still open, Dr. E. R. Smith, the summer session director, looks for additional registrations from those cities. He predicts at least 700 will attend. Last year there were 1104 there. This falling-off of interest in educational activities is regarded as a criterion of what may be expected in higher institutions of learning next fall when colleges re-open.

Change of Date and Day.

The September primaries in odd numbered years will hereafter be held on the third Wednesday of that month instead of the third Tuesday. The change was on account of the former primary day falling on a Jewish holiday.

WALKER A. SHUTT, OF BOALSBURG, KILLED ON THE RAILROAD.

Was Working on State Highway Near Huntingdon, When Train Struck Him.—Leaves Wife and Three Children.

Walker A. Shutt, a good citizen of Boalsburg, met a terrible death last Thursday afternoon at 1:50 o'clock when he was run down and instantly killed near Mill Creek station, Huntingdon county, by a fast passenger train on the Pennsylvania line.

Mr. Shutt was a state highway foreman and this was his second summer at the work. At the time he met his death he was repairing water pipes running through a culvert under the railway at this point and was so engrossed that he failed to hear the train approach. He raised himself close to the north side of the track immediately in front of the train. He was hurled only a few feet. None of the crew witnessed the accident.

Contractor W. C. Evans, by whom Shutt was employed, took charge of the body and had it prepared for burial by undertaker Brown, of Huntingdon. It was then shipped to his home in Boalsburg where funeral services were held on Sunday morning by Rev. S. C. Stover, pastor of the deceased. Interment in the Boalsburg cemetery.

Besides his wife, who was Miss Johnson, he is survived by three children, namely, Joseph, Minnie and Mary, all at home. Two sisters also survive him.

Mr. Shutt was aged forty-four years and six months. He was a first-class workman and his untimely death came as a great shock to the people in his home community. His afflicted family has the sincere sympathy of the entire neighborhood.

Teachers Elected For Potter Township.

The Potter township school board elected teachers for the thirteen schools in the township at a meeting held last Thursday evening. With the exception of three, all the old teachers were re-elected. The new teachers are Ralph Luse, Esther Bitner, and Ralph Sweeney. The complete corps follows:

Potters Mills grammar, G. A. Crawford.
Potters Mills primary, Elizabeth Bitner.
Centre Hill, T. L. Moore.
Plum Grove, Ralph Luse.
Earlstown, William Rooker.
Pine Stump, Mary Slatterbeck.
Manor Hill, Edna Neff.
Tusseyville, Bertha Miller.
Tussey Sink, Nellie Bible.
Pine Grove, Mary Neff.
Colyer, Esther Bitner.
Fleisher Gap, Wilbur S. Runkle.
Cold Spring, Ralph Sweeney.

On City Auto Party.

There are many parties traveling over the state these days, and one from Oil City that stopped in Centre Hall long enough to lubricate the Dodge, Studebaker, and Westcott autos that comprised the battery of machines, carried with it a complete camping outfit, it being the adopted policy of the party that the convenience of the road house and hotel must be avoided. The camping was greatly enjoyed, and the ladies found pleasure in doing the service that in their homes is done by others. The party consisted of Thomas J. Wright, Donald T. Wright, Joseph E. Wright, Mr. and Mrs. David James, Mr. and Mrs. David J. James, H. H. James, Edith James and Helen Barnett. They left Oil City the last day of June, reaching here July 5th, and expected to reach home Sunday. The route followed was Clarion, Punxsutawney, Indiana, Altoona, Johnstown, Ebensburg, Hollidaysburg, State College, Centre Hall, Penns Cave, Lewistown, Williamsport, Emporium, Sheffield, home. The gentlemen in the party, except the second named who is a reporter on the Oil City Herald, are interested in oil production.

Small Fire at Pleasant Gap.

"Switzerland," the Pleasant Gap restaurant, Fred Dunzlik, proprietor, was discovered on fire by a party of State College autoists, after midnight Saturday last week. An alarm was sounded and soon a number of persons were on hand to fight the flames. The damage by water and through broken glass amounted to considerable more than the fire itself. It is said that fire in the stove in the house adjoining the restaurant was responsible for the blaze, through a defective flue.

Notice.

Because of the lack of power, I am unable to fill any more orders for crushed or pulverized limestone until further notice.—E. C. Wagner, Centre Hall, Pa.

Farmer C. T. Crust had the misfortune to run a prong of a dung fork into his leg on Saturday, which resulted in a stiff leg for several days.

"STATE" WINS FROM LOCALS.

First Half of Game a Pitcher's Battle.—Then "State" Starts Hitting and Local Throw Wild.—Visitors Win, 8 to 3.

A series of bad throws on base runners was the principal factor in the defeat of the Centre Hall baseball team in the game against State College, on Grange Park, on the Fourth. Although out-hit two to one, the locals, by better defensive work, could have kept the score from reaching the one-sided count of 8 to 3. Gramley, although touched up rather freely, kept the ten hits gathered off his delivery well scattered. He was steady and issued no free passes to first base. He struck out ten men. Thomas, the pitching prince of the several ball clubs of which State College boasts, deserved to win on his individual work. Besides striking out fifteen batters, he allowed but five hits. His support, however, was clean out, only two errors marring an otherwise perfect defense. A glance over the error column under the "State" banner will reveal the errors to be credited to that old war horse, Lonberger, who continues to cavort around second base with all the agility of twenty years ago. "Loney's" errors didn't go far toward getting Centre Hall's three runs, but his bat and daring on the base paths was directly responsible for half of his team's runs. The seasoned veteran set a pace which was hard for the callow youths under his leadership to follow.

"State" scored in the first. Gramley dropped Auman's throw on Lonberger's hit; "Loney" stole second and counted on Kuhn's hit to left. Centre Hall tied the score in its half. Two gone, W. Bradford hit safely and scored on Condo two-bagger to right center.

Fast, snappy ball playing continued up to the fifth inning, neither side succeeding in crossing the rubber. In the fifth, Spicer scored from second on Snyder's hit to left field.

Another run was added to "State's" total in the sixth inning when Spicer beat out a bunt, took second on Cornman's overthrow and scored on Krumrine's hit.

The seventh counted one for "State" and two for Centre Hall. In "State's" half, Lonberger hit safely, stole second, and went to third when Thomas was being put out at first. In an attempt to head off "Loney" at third the ball struck Cornman in the eye. Lonberger took advantage of the misfortune and darted for home, scoring when Bradford dropped Knarr's throw, the runner and catcher colliding. For Centre Hall, W. Gramley and Stahl received the only free passes to first, in succession; E. Gramley hit to Lonberger, who missed the ball, the ball rolling out to right field; both Gramley and Stahl scored when Kuhn threw the ball past the catchers on an attempt to catch the former.

This was the end of the local's scoring, while "State" continued doing her "bit" by adding another run in the eighth inning—one run for four consecutive innings—and finally putting the game on ice in the ninth by scoring three runs, the result of several overthrows, coupled with two safe hits.

Here are the fireworks:

STATE COLLEGE	R	H	O	A	E
Minnick, cf.	1	0	0	0	0
Lonberger, 2b.	3	2	0	2	2
Thomas, p.	0	2	1	0	0
Kuhn, rf.	0	1	0	0	0
Kline, ss.	1	2	0	0	0
Reuben Spicer, 3b.	1	1	2	0	0
Krumrine, lf.	0	1	0	0	0
Robert Spicer, c.	1	1	14	0	0
Snyder, 1b.	0	1	6	0	0
Totals	11	10	27	12	2

CENTRE HALL	R	H	O	A	E
Knarr, ss.	0	0	0	2	1
Auman, 2b.	0	1	2	1	1
Wm. Bradford, c.	1	1	10	2	1
Condo, 3b.	0	1	0	2	2
Paul Bradford, cf.	0	1	0	0	0
Crawford, lf.	0	1	1	0	1
Widom Gramley, 1b.	0	1	13	2	2
Stahl, rf.	1	0	0	0	0
Eugene Gramley, p.	0	1	0	0	0
Totals	3	5	27	12	8

SCORE BY INNINGS

State College 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 3 8—
Centre Hall 1 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 3

Two base hits, Condo, Auman, Kline. Base on balls, off Thomas, 2. Hit by pitched ball, W. Gramley. Struck out, by Gramley, 10; by Thomas, 15. Umpire, V. A. Auman.

Ripka Remains, August 4th.

The fifth annual reunion of the Ripka families will be held on Grange Park, Centre Hall, Saturday, August 4th. The committee extends a cordial invitation to the public.

May Sell Horse Flesh in Penna.

The flesh of goats, horses and mules was added recently to the meats that may be sold in Pennsylvania for food. Governor Brumbaugh has approved an act bringing these meats under the inspection of the State.

Show your patriotism by contributing to the Red Cross fund.

Centre Hall's Community Picnic.

Centre Hall enjoyed the Fourth in a safe and sane manner, the annual community picnic, which promises to remain a fixture, furnishing wholesome enjoyment for young and old. The day was ideal for an out-door gathering and fully 1500 people gathered on Grange Park to enjoy the program, which included literary, musical and sport features. Indeed, autos passed to and fro all day in large numbers, giving the impression of a big day at the annual Grange Encampment and Fair.

The speaking, which occupied a short period of the morning's program, attracted a good-sized crowd in the auditorium. The Pine Grove Mills band furnished a brand of music which elicited praise, not only because of its excellence but because of the liberal amount of playing they did. Their morning concert, which continued for a full hour, was repaid by the picnicers who were eager to show their appreciation by extending invitations to dinner far in excess to the number of musicians.

The afternoon was devoted to athletic contests of various kinds, the principal feature being the State College-Centre Hall ball game, a detailed account of which appears in another column.

The association re-elected the same officers for next year.

Local Company Pays \$4500 for Imported Percheron Stallion.

The Penna Valley Percheron Stock company, of Millheim, composed of James E. Holloway, W. E. Hosterman, J. E. Rishel, S. W. Gramley, Chas. F. Stover, S. G. Walker, J. D. Luse, D. M. P. Feldler, Wallace Musser, S. P. Bower, William Hosterman, Bartges Bros., and J. R. Miller, recently purchased from the Annington Farm Company, of Dickerson, Maryland, the beautiful black imported stallion Laterum (88509), six years old and weighing 2100 lbs.

This is one of the best bred horses in France; he was personally selected by James McLaughlin for their own herd horse, at which he was used until this spring, and beyond doubt will be of great value to the breeders of Penna Valley for the future. The sale was consummated by Martin G. Uhlman, salesman for the Annington Farm Co., who proved himself a gentleman to all whom became acquainted with him. The price paid for the stallion was \$4500.00.

The local company is to be congratulated in making a purchase of this kind in the advancement of breeding good horses.

Change in Train Schedule.

A new train schedule went into effect beginning of this month, the principal change being on the arrival of the first train from the west, which reaches Centre Hall station just twenty-five minutes earlier than heretofore. The west bound train now comes in five minutes later. No change has been made in the time of the afternoon trains.

Train 5530, Eastward, 6.46 a. m. instead of 7.11.

Train 5533, Westward, 8.18 a. m. instead of 8.13.

Train 5532, Eastward, 2.25 p. m., no change.

Train 5535, Westward, 3.36 p. m., no change.

This change will also necessitate dispatching the first mail from the local post office twenty-five minutes earlier—at 6.26 a. m., instead of 6.51 as heretofore.

Received Carload of Autos.

Booser & Smith, the local auto firm, received a carload of Ford touring cars on Monday, the purchasers having anxiously awaited their arrival, the delay being due to the unprecedented demand for cars at the Ford factory. The six cars were disposed of to the following parties: C. E. Flink, Roy Shaffer, Arthur Holderman, L. L. Smith, and two to the Breon agency at Millheim.

Roy Drowns in Kishacoquillas Creek.

Robert Hafer, a seventeen-year-old lad residing at Reedsville, lost his life on the Fourth of July by drowning in the Kishacoquillas creek at the end of Manns Narrows. The unfortunate lad and a younger brother started for a swim and when the former plunged into the water he disappeared from sight. His body was recovered shortly thereafter but all efforts to resuscitate him failed.

District President W. C. Custard, of State College, installed the newly elected officers in Washington Camp, No. 889, P. O. S. of A., in this place, last Thursday evening. A number of members from Spring Mills and Bellefonte camps were present.

An immense increase in the acreage of beans by the farmers of the state has been reported to the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS

H. W. Dinges sold a fine young horse to M. N. Miller, a week ago.

John M. Coldron has secured employment in the Standard Steel Works at Burnham.

Miss Sara Heckman, of Millheim, spent several days last week with her brother, Prof. W. O. Heckman, and family.

Dr. H. F. Bitner attended a meeting of the board of trustees of the Lancaster seminary, at Lancaster, last Friday.

Mrs. D. Milton Bradford and children, of Keymar, Maryland, spent several days last week with relatives in this place.

Dr. John Hardenburg, of Millheim, has promised his services to the Lock Haven Ambulance Company of the Clinton County Red Cross.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Harsbarger returned to their home in Altoona on Friday, after a week's visit at the home of their uncle, James Smetzler.

There is every indication that the toper will not need to indicate on his finger the length of the "stick" he wants, for the real eye opener will be a thing of history.

John Benner exhibited several boxes of strawberries at this office last week which easily gives him claim to the championship for large berries. They were of enormous size and fine quality.

Officers of the local cemetery association request that owners of burial lots who have neglected giving the graves proper attention, do so at once, for the grass on many mounds has attained a rank growth.

A loaded-down cherry tree this year is the exception, at least in this locality. Robert L. Smith, however, had a tree that was the exception, for it yielded 250 quarts of big luscious oxheart cherries, which Mr. Smith disposed of at ten and twelve cents a quart.

The Pennsylvania Department of Forestry is urging woodlot owners to cut more wood for winter use in order to save coal. Men of the State Forest Service say that this can be done in most cases not only without injury to the woodlot, but actually to its improvement.

The Lewistown Journal contained this item in its issue of last week: Prof. and Mrs. H. F. Bitner of Centre Hall, were visitors in Lewistown during the past week, in the effort to secure a residence with the intention of moving to Lewistown and making the town their home.

Harvey M. Horner, tenant on the W. G. Runkle farm, west of State College, sustained a number of bruises and minor injuries to various parts of his body, one day last week, when he fell off the loft in the wagon shed. As a result he was unable to do any farm labor for several days.

After serving in the capacity of manager for the Du Pont people at Niagara Falls, N. Y., for a period of six years, A. S. Fleck has been transferred to Haskell, New Jersey. On her way to their new home, Mrs. Fleck and children stopped with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William S. Brooks, west of town, for a brief visit.

Ike Berney, the movie magnate of Lewistown, lost his new \$1200 Buick car last week when it became wedged between the rails of a railroad track near Bradford and was struck by a freight train. Mr. Berney, in company with four others, was enroute to Buffalo and the party had just enough time to scramble out of the car before the freight train struck the auto and completely demolished it. Berney sold the car to a dealer for \$350.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Horner and Mr. and Mrs. Claire Horner, of McKeesport, visited the gentlemen's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Horner, at Pleasant Gap, for several days the past week. The young men are both employed in munition works in Pittsburgh district, and being within the ages which calls for conscription in Uncle Sam's army, they believe that a call for their service is more than a remote possibility.

Ralph E. Bitner, who for the past few weeks was employed as an electrician in the Standard Steel Works at Burnham, accepted a position with the Du Pont powder company, at Hopewell, Virginia, assuming his new duties beginning of this week. The position carries with it a first-class salary. Lawrence Bitner, an older son of Dr. Bitner's, is private secretary and confidant to the general manager of the Du Pont plant—a position of great trust—and it was through his influence that the job for his brother was obtained. Both young men are college bred and are of a character to make their father feel proud of them.

PRESIDENT WILSON ANNOUNCES RULES FOR SELECTION OF NATIONAL ARMY

"Be Fearless and Impartial," Is Admonition of Executive to Members of the Various Exemption Boards—To Be No Class Exemptions and Every Case Will Be Decided on Its Own Merits.

Washington.—President Wilson, in announcing the regulations for selecting a national army from the millions registered on June 5, urged upon every member of every draft board "impartial and fearless performance of the delicate and difficult duties intrusted," in order that "our armies at the front may be composed of men free from sense of injustice in their mode of selection."

In the near future a date will be set by Brig. Gen. Crowder, provost marshal-general, for the meeting and organization of the boards. At the same time it is expected that the selection regulations will be promulgated so that the process may be put under way without delay. The present intention is to call the men selected to the colors about September 1.

All Forces on Equal Footing. President Wilson's statement follows:

"The regulations which I am today causing to be promulgated, pursuant to the direction of the selective service law, cover the remaining steps of the plan for calling into the service of the United States qualified men from those who have registered; those selected as the result of this process to constitute, with the regular army, the National guard and the navy, the fighting forces of the nation, all of which forces are under the terms of the law placed in a position of equal right, dignity and responsibility with the members of all other military forces."

"The regulations have been drawn with a view to the needs and circumstances of the whole country and provide a system which it is expected will work with the least inequality and personal hardship. Any system of selecting men of military service, whether voluntary or involuntary in its operation, necessarily selects some men to bear the burden of danger and sacrifice for the whole nation. The system here provided places all men of military age upon an even plane, and then, by a selection which neither favors the one nor penalizes the other, calls upon the requisite number for service."

Urges Boards to Act Impartially. "The successful operation of this law and of these regulations depends necessarily upon the loyalty, patriotism and justice of the members of the boards to whom its operation is committed, and I admonish every member of every local board and of every district board of review that their duty to their country requires an impartial and fearless performance of the delicate and difficult duties intrusted to them. They should remember as to each individual case presented to them that they are called upon to adjudicate the most sacred rights of the individual and to preserve untarnished the honor of the nation."

"Our armies at the front will be strengthened and sustained if they be composed of men free from any sense of injustice in the mode of selection, and they will be inspired to loftier efforts in behalf of a country in which the citizens called upon to perform high public functions perform them with justice, fearlessness and impartiality."

Methods of Making the Draft.

Upon organizing the local boards will take over from the registration boards all registration cards, which they will number serially and list for posting to public view. Then, after having been advised of the method by which the order of liability for service shall be determined and of the quota to be drawn from its territory (minus credits for enlistments in the National Guard or regular army), each board will prepare a list of persons designated for service in the order of their liability, post the list, give it to the press, and within three days send notice to each designated person by mail.

As the men so notified appear the boards first will make a physical examination in accordance with special regulations to be provided, bearing in mind that all persons accepted by them will be re-examined by army surgeons. If the physical examination is passed successfully, then comes the question of exemption.

Those Entitled to Exemption.

Persons who must be exempted or discharged by the local board include: Officers of the United States, of the states, territories and the District of Columbia; ministers of religion, students of divinity, persons in the military or naval service of the United States, subjects of Germany, all other aliens who have not taken out first papers, county or municipal officers, customhouse clerks, workmen in federal armories, arsenals and navy yards, persons in the federal service designated by the president for exemption, pilots, merchant marine sailors, those with a status with respect

MEN WHO ARE EXEMPT

Officers of United States, states, territories and District of Columbia.
Ministers of religion and students of divinity.
Persons in military or naval service of United States.
Subjects of Germany and all aliens who have not taken out first papers.
County or municipal officers.
Customhouse clerks and workmen in arsenals and navy yards.
Pilots, merchant marine sailors.
Married men with dependent wives or children.
Sons of dependent widows, sons of dependent, aged or infirm parents, or brothers of dependent orphans under sixteen years of age.
Men morally deficient.
Members of recognized religious sect existing prior to May 18, 1917, whose creed forbids participation in war.

to dependents which renders their exclusion desirable (a married man with dependent wife or child, son of a dependent widow, son of dependent, aged or infirm parent, or brother of dependent orphan child under sixteen years of age), those found morally deficient, and any member of any well-recognized religious sect existing May 18, 1917, whose creed forbids participation in war and whose religious convictions accord with the creed.

Man or Wife May Make Claim. Claims for exemption because of dependents may be made by the man himself, his wife or other dependents, or by a third party who has personally investigated the case. A claim made by the husband must be accompanied by supporting affidavits signed by the wife and by the head of a family residing in the same territory. A claim by the wife or a third party must be accompanied by two supporting affidavits signed by heads of families. Similar rules govern claims on the grounds of other dependents when the dependents or third parties being authorized to file claims with supporting affidavits. In each case the board must be satisfied before it grants exemption or discharge that the dependent or dependents actually are supported mainly by the fruits of the man's mental or physical labor.

Local boards are required, subject to appeal, to pass upon claims for exemption or discharge within three days after the filing of affidavits. District boards must decide appeal cases within five days after the closing of proofs and their decisions are final. If the ruling of a local board is affirmed the person in question stands finally accepted for military service.

In passing on claims for exemption on the ground of employment in necessary industrial and agricultural occupations the district boards must be convinced that the particular enterprise affording such employment actually is necessary to the maintenance of the military establishment of national interest during the emergency.

"The evidence must also establish," the regulations say, "even if the particular industrial enterprise or particular agricultural enterprise is found necessary for one of the above purposes, that the continuance of such person therein is necessary to the maintenance thereof and that he cannot be replaced by another person without direct, substantial material loss and detriment to the adequate and effective operation of the particular industrial enterprise or agricultural enterprise in which he is engaged."

May Designate Certain Industries. Later the president may from time to time designate certain industries or classes of industries that are necessary and the district boards will be so notified. It will be the duty of each board, however, to ascertain the available labor supply for such industries outside the men called for military service and to take the result into consideration in determining such things.

"If, in the opinion of the district board," this section of the regulations concludes, "the direct, substantial, material loss to any such industrial or agricultural enterprise outweighs the loss that would result from failure to obtain the military service of any such person, a certificate of discharge may be issued to him X X X."

Certificates of exemption will not necessarily be permanent. They may be revoked with changing conditions, or may be granted only for prescribed periods.

Animal Trainers Win Fortunes.

Since the beginning of time mankind has been amused by attributing human faculties to animals, and wherever one of the lower creatures has shown signs of intelligence, public curiosity has run high. We have long been familiar with the elephant which stands on a ball and does similar feats; but the first elephant to accomplish these things was a seven-days' wonder. One of the most unique novelties ever offered to the public was the first batch of trained seals, brought out by Captain

Woodward. Their ability to play musical instruments, throw a ball about, and so on, captured the fancy of the nation and made their owner rich. Another novelty of this kind brought wealth to Leon Clarke, who taught a cat to go up in a balloon and descend by a parachute.

True Optimism.

"True optimism never closes its eyes to the formidable enemies of hope and happiness, but goes out armed and armored to meet them."

TO USE JURY WHEEL IN DRAFT

The U. S. Officials Waiting Only on States.

1,200,000 TO BE CALLED

Stress Laid on Serial Numbering of Registration Cards—Single Jury Wheel May Be Used.

Washington.—Selection day for the new national army, is approaching rapidly as the local exemption boards in the various states complete their organization, give serial numbers to the registration cards and forward certified copies to Provost Marshal General Crowder. Indications are that the drawing will be held this week, but no official statement has been made as to the War Department's plans.

Administration officials still maintain strict silence as to the method to be followed. The recent statement by Secretary Baker that the drawing would be held in Washington, however, coupled with the stress laid upon the serial numbering of registration boards, clearly indicates the general outline of the plan.

It is understood that it is proposed to place in a single jury wheel in Washington one complete set of numbers. When a number is taken from the wheel the man in each exemption district whose card bears that serial number will be drafted. Thus, as each number is drawn, approximately 30,000 men will be drafted, or one in each exemption district. If 1,200,000 men are to be called before the exemption boards in the first selection, which seems highly probable, only 40 numbers would need to be drawn.

There are numerous complications which must arise, however, and the method of selecting them can be known only when the Administration makes known its plans in detail. For instance, the number of registered individuals in each district who are liable for military service will certainly not be the same. Aliens are registered, but not liable for duty.

All this must be considered in framing the regulations. Provision must be made also to balance as far as possible the chances of military duty between the men in each district, so that disqualification of a large number in any particular district for any reason will not put upon those qualified additional likelihood of being sent to the front.

Various ways of accomplishing this correction of chances so as to make the resulting draft as fair as human ingenuity can contrive have been suggested. The matter has had President Wilson's personal consideration, in line with his pledge that the method employed would be just in every respect.

While the first contingent of the new army, under the bill, is limited to 500,000 men, an additional 125,000 or 150,000 will be needed to make up the reserve battalions of this force. Reserve battalions are now being recruited for all regular regiments and will be recruited for the National Guard when it is drafted into the Federal service. The organization of the national army will be on the same basis.

It may be necessary, also, to draft enough men to fill up the regulars and National Guard to war strength, although no decision to this end has been reached as yet. The regulars are now close to war strength and the guard units are recruiting rapidly. If possible, they will be completed by the war volunteer system.

There is one other consideration which will affect the total number of men to be drawn. Opinion varies as to the number of exemptions which must be made for the different causes outlined in the exemption regulations. A rough estimate of at least 50 per cent. exemptions for physical or other reason has been generally employed in computing the probable size of the task before the exemption boards.

Another factor which is being worked out in the selection regulations is the provision of the law requiring that each state be given credit at the drawings for the number of men it has supplied as volunteers in the regular army or the National Guard.

MISS RANKIN CAUSES INQUIRY.

McAdoo To Probe Congresswoman's Charge of Women Overworked.

Washington.—As a result of the protests of Representative Jeannette Rankin, of Montana, Secretary McAdoo appointed a committee to investigate alleged compulsory overwork of women in the Bureau of Printing and Engraving. At the same time Miss Rankin announced her intention to ask for a Congressional inquiry.

ARGENTINA DEMANDS APOLOGY.

Also Wants Indemnity and Guarantees From Germany.

London.—According to a dispatch from Buenos Aires to the Times the Argentine Government has demanded an immediate apology and indemnity from Germany for the torpedoing of the Argentine vessels Oriana and Toro, and a guarantee that the Argentine flag will be respected in the future.

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THE MARKETS

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot easy; No. 2 hard, \$2.31 f o b to arrive.

Corn—Spot firm; No. 2 yellow, \$1.85 c f New York.

Oats—Spot stronger; standard, 75¢ @ 75½.

Butter—Creamery, higher than extras, 38¢ @ 39¢; creamery extras (92 score), 38¢; firsts, 36½¢ @ 37½¢; seconds, 35½¢ @ 36½¢.

Eggs—Fresh gathered extras, 36¢ @ 37¢; fresh gathered storage-packed firsts, 34½¢ @ 35¢; fresh gathered firsts, 33¢ @ 34¢; seconds, 31¢ @ 32¢; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western henry whites, fine to fancy, 40¢ @ 41¢; State, Pennsylvania and nearby henry browns, 37¢ @ 39¢.

Cheese—State, fresh specials, 23¼¢ @ 23½¢; do, average run, 23¢.

Live Poultry—Chickens, 30¢ @ 32¢; fowls, 23¢; turkeys, 18¢.

Dressed Poultry—Chickens, 20¢ @ 27¢; fowls, 19¼¢ @ 25¼¢; turkeys, 18¢ @ 35¢.

PHILADELPHIA.—Wheat—There were no offerings on the spot and the market was entirely nominal.

Rye—No. 2 Western, \$2.40 @ 2.45 per bushel; nearby rye in bags quoted at \$1.70 @ 1.75, as to quality.

Corn—Western, No. 3 yellow, \$1.81 @ 1.82; do, No. 4 yellow, \$1.79 @ 1.80; No. 5 yellow, \$1.77 @ 1.78.

Oats—No. 2, white, 73¼¢ @ 74¢; standard white, 72¼¢ @ 73¢; No. 3 white, 71¼¢ @ 72¢; No. 4 white, 70¼¢ @ 71¢.

Live Poultry—Fowls, as to size and quality, 24¢ @ 25¢; roosters, 17¢ @ 18¢; spring chickens, not leghorns, plump, yellow-skinned, weighing 1½ @ 2 lbs. apiece, 33¢ @ 36¢; smaller sizes, 26¢ @ 32¢; white leghorns, 22¢ @ 26¢; ducks, Pekin, 19¢ @ 20¢; do, Indian runner, 17¢ @ 18¢; pigeons, old, per pair, 25¢ @ 28¢; do, young, per pair, 20¢ @ 22¢.

Butter—Solid packed creamery, fancy, specials, 41¢; extras, 39¢ @ 40¢; extra firsts, 38¢; firsts, 37½¢; seconds, 36½¢; nearby prints, fancy, 42¢; do, average extra, 40¢ @ 41¢; do, firsts, 38¢ @ 39¢; do, seconds, 36½¢ @ 37¢; special brands of prints were jobbing at 45¢ @ 48¢.

Eggs—Nearby firsts, \$1.20 per standard case; nearby current receipts, \$9.90 per case; Western firsts, \$10.20 per case; do, firsts, \$9.90 per case; fancy, selected, carefully candled eggs were jobbing at 40¢ @ 41¢ per dozen.

Cheese—New York, full cream, fancy, new, 23¼¢ @ 24¢; specials, higher; do, fair to good, new, 23¢ @ 23½¢; part skims, 11¢ @ 18¢.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—Contract opened weak. Spot, No. 2 red, \$2.20

asked; No. 2 red Western, \$2.20 asked. Corn—Car lots of No. 3 yellow corn on spot, for domestic delivery, are quotable at \$1.82½ per bushel.

Oats—Standard white, 75¢; No. 3 white, 74¢.

Rye—No. 2 rye, Western, \$2.35; bag lots, as to quality and condition, \$2 @ 2.20.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$20 @ 21; No. 2 do, \$18.50 @ 19; No. 3 do, \$14.50 @ 15.50; light clover mixed, \$18 @ 18.50; No. 1 clover mixed, \$17.50 @ 18; No. 2 do, \$13 @ 16; No. 1 clover, \$16.50 @ 17; No. 2 do, \$13 @ 15; No. 3 do, \$8 @ 10.

Straw—No. 1 straight rye, \$15.50 @ 16; No. 2 do, \$14.50 @ 15; No. 1 tangled rye, \$12 @ 13; No. 2 do, \$10.50 @ 11.50; No. 1 wheat, \$8 @ 8.50; No. 2 do, \$7.50 @ 8; No. 1 oat, \$10 @ 11; No. 2 do, \$9 @ 9.50.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, \$39 @ 39½; do, choice, 37¢ @ 38; do, good, 36¢ @ 36½; do, prints, 35¢ @ 40; do, blocks, 35¢ @ 39½; ladies, 33¢ @ 34; Maryland and Pennsylvania rolls, 32¢ @ 33; Ohio rolls, 32¢; West Virginia rolls, 32¢; store-packed, 32¢; Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania dairy prints, 32¢ @ 33.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby, 32¢; Western firsts, 32¢; West Virginia firsts, 32¢; Southern firsts, 31¢.

Live Poultry—Chickens—Old hens, 4 lbs and over, 24¢; do, do, small to medium, 24¢; do, do, white leghorns, 23¢; old roosters, 13¢ @ 14; spring, 2 lbs and over, 32¢; do, 1½ @ 2 lbs, 29¢ @ 30; do, smaller, as to size, 25¢ @ 28; do, white leghorns, 25¢.

Ducks—Old Pekings, 17¢ @ 18; do, puddle, 16¢ @ 17; do, muscovy, 16¢ @ 17; do, smaller, 15¢; do, spring, 3 lbs and over, 22¢ @ 23.

Pigeons—Young, per pair, 20¢ @ 25; old, do, 20¢ @ 25. Guinea fowl, old, each, 35¢ @ 40.

Live Stock

KANSAS CITY, MO.—Hogs—Bulk, \$14.75 @ 15.55; heavy, \$15.35 @ 15.60; packers and butchers, \$15.10 @ 15.55; light, \$14.40 @ 15; pigs, \$13 @ 13.75.

Cattle—Prime fed steers, \$12.50 @ 13.35; dressed beef steers, \$9.50 @ 12.25; Southern steers, \$7.50 @ 12.25; cows, \$6.50 @ 10.50; heifers, \$8.50 @ 13; stockers and feeders, \$7.50 @ 10.50; bulls, \$7 @ 9; calves, \$7 @ 13.50.

Sheep—Lamb, \$16 @ 17.75; yearlings, \$13.00 @ 13.50; wethers, \$9 @ 11; ewes, \$8.50 @ 10.

CHICAGO.—Hogs—Bulk, \$14.60 @ 15.45; light, \$14 @ 15.20; mixed, \$14.30 @ 15.75; heavy, \$14.30 @ 15.85; rough, \$14.30 @ 14.50; pigs, \$10.75 @ 14.

Cattle—Native beef cattle, \$8.50 @ 13.85; stockers and feeders, \$6.75 @ 9.80; cows and heifers, \$5.75 @ 11.80; calves, \$11 @ 15.50.

Sheep—Wethers, \$8.60 @ 11.30; ewes, \$8.00 @ 10.25; lambs, \$10.75 @ 15.25; springs, \$13 @ 18.

PITTSBURGH, PA.—Cattle—Choice, \$11.75 @ 12.25; prime, \$12.75 @ 13. Sheep—Prime wethers, \$10.50 @ 11; cull and common, \$5 @ 7; lambs, \$7 @ 14; veal calves, \$15 @ 15.50.

Hogs—Prime heavies, \$15.50 @ 15.60; mediums, \$15.45 @ 15.50; heavy Yorkers, \$15 @ 15.25; light Yorkers, \$14.50 @ 14.75; pigs, \$14 @ 14.25; roughs, \$13.50 @ 14.

Mrs. Wilson Signs Pledge.

Washington.—Mrs. Woodrow Wilson signed the woman's pledge to assist the food administration by practicing economy in the home and assisting in conserving the food supply for a successful conduct of the war.

And Gasoline So High!

Washington.—Over a million more motorcars were registered in the United States in 1916 than the year before. The number of cars registered last year was 3,512,996, an increase of 43 per cent.

\$500 For Auto Tire.

Stockholm, Sweden.—From \$500 up to \$575 is being paid here for automobile tires.

So satisfactory have been the results in Tripoli and Cirenaica from the eucalyptus and acacias set out in 1912 that the Italian government has given orders for the planting of 50,000 more eucalyptus trees there this year. Consul General David F. Wilber, of Genoa, reports that the new plantings will probably be along the railways.

According to the newspapers, the Italian government arranged with the Russian government for the importation of considerable seed from Russia for use in this year's crop of sugar beets.

Fruit pits, systematically gathered by Germany's school children, are turned over to chemists, who are converting them into rich lubricating oils. Cherry and plum stones are said to be the best for this purpose.

To remove spots from the handles of ivory knives dip a chamol skin in water and then in powdered pumice and rub the spots vigorously.

While eggs are high, chopped suet can be sprinkled on top of puddings containing milk, and they will be rich and creamy.

The Texas industrial congress gives directions how to make an independent living from five acres of land.

The Boer war began in October, 1899, and ended in May, 1902.

The Real Man

By
FRANCIS LYNDE

Illustrations by IRWIN MYERS

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CHAPTER IX—Continued.

"That is precisely what I was driving at. Our banker can't run with the hare and hunt with the hounds. You'll excuse me if I say that you haven't been altogether fair with Timanyoni Ditch, or with Colonel Baldwin, Mr. Kinzie. A friendly banker doesn't help sell out his customer. You know that, as well as I do. Still, you did it."

Kinzie threw up his hands and tried to defend himself. "It was a straight business transaction, Mr. Smith. As long as we're in the banking business, we buy and sell for anybody who comes along."

"No, we don't, Mr. Kinzie; we protect our customers first. In the present instance you thought your customer was a dead one, anyway, so it wouldn't make much difference if you should throw another shovel of dirt or so onto the coffin. Wasn't that the way of it?"

The president was fairly pushed to the ropes, and he showed it. "Answer me one question, both of you," he snapped. "Are you big enough to fight for your own against Stanton's crowd?"

"You'll see; and the sight is going to cost you something," said Smith, and the blandest oil could have been no smoother than his tone.

"Is that right, Dexter?" "That's the way it looks to me, Dave," said the ranchman capitalist, who, whatever might be his limitations in the field of high finance, was not lacking the nerve to fight unquestioning in any partner's quarrel.

The president of the Brewster City National turned back to Smith. "What do you want, Mr. Smith?" he asked, not too cordially.

"Nothing that you'd give me, I guess; a little business loyalty, for one thing."

"And a checking balance for immediate necessities for another?" suggested the banker.

With all his trained astuteness—trained in Kinzie's own school, at that—Smith could not be sure that the gray-faced old Westerner was not setting a final trap for him, after all. But he took the risk, saying, with a decent show of indifference: "Of course it would be more convenient here than in Denver or Chicago. But there is no hurry about that part of it."

The president took a slip of paper from a pigeonhole and wrote rapidly upon it. Once more his optimism was locking horns with prudent caution. It was the optimism, however, that was driving the pen. Baldwin's word was worth something, and it might be disastrous to let these two get away without anchoring them solidly to the Brewster City National.

"Sign this, you two," he said. "I don't know even the name of your new outfit yet, but I'll take a chance on one piece of two-name paper, anyhow."

Smith took up the slip and glanced at it. It was an accommodation note for twenty thousand dollars. With the money fairly in his hands, he paused to drive the nail of independence squarely before he would begin.

"We don't want this at all, Mr. Kinzie, unless the bank's goodwill comes with it," he said with becoming gravity.

"I'll stand by you," was the brusque rejoinder. "But it's only fair to you both to say that you've got the biggest kind of a combination to buck you—a national utilities corporation with the strongest sort of political backing."

"I doubt if you can tell us anything that we don't already know," said Smith coolly, as he put his name on the note; and when Baldwin had signed: "Let this go to the credit of 'Timanyoni Ditch, if you please, Mr. Kinzie, and we'll transfer it later. It's quite possible that we shan't need it, but we are willing to help out a little on your discount profits, anyway. Further along, when things shape themselves up a bit more definitely, you shall know all there is to know, and we'll give you just as good a chance to make money as you'll give us."

When they were safely out of the bank and half a square away from it, Dexter Baldwin pushed his hat back and mopped his forehead. "They say a man can't sweat at this altitude," he remarked. "I'm here to tell you, Smith, that I've lost ten pounds in the last ten minutes. Where in the name of jumping Jehoshaphat did you get your nerve, boy? You made him believe we'd got outside backing from somewhere."

"I didn't say anything like that, did I?"

"No; but you opened the door and he walked in."

"That's all right; I'm not responsible for Mr. Kinzie's imagination. We were obliged to have a little advertising capital; we couldn't turn a wheel without it. Put me in touch

JOHN SMITH BLUFFS A CRAFTY BANKER AND GETS HOLD OF SUFFICIENT WORKING CAPITAL TO GO AHEAD WITH THE GREAT IRRIGATION DAM PROJECT

Synopsis.—J. Montague Smith, cashier of Lawrenceville Bank and Trust company, society bachelor engaged to marry Verda Richlander, heiress, knocks his employer, Watrous Dunham, senseless, leaves him for dead and flees the state when Dunham accuses Smith of dishonesty and wants him to take the blame for embezzlement actually committed by Dunham. Several weeks later, Smith appears as a tramp at a town in the Rocky mountains and gets a laboring job in an irrigation ditch construction camp. His intelligence draws the attention of Williams, the superintendent, who thinks he can use the tramp, John Smith, in a more important place. The ditch company is in hard lines financially because Eastern financial interests are working to undermine the local crowd headed by Colonel Baldwin and take over valuable property. Smith finally accepts appointment as financial secretary of Baldwin's company. He has already struck up a pleasant acquaintance with Corona Baldwin, the colonel's winsome daughter. He goes to interview a crafty banker while the financial enemies plan ruin for Baldwin's company.

with a good business lawyer, and I'll start the legal machinery. Then you can get into your car and go around and interview your crowd, man by man. I want to know exactly where we stand with the old stockholders before we make any move in public. Can you do that?"

Baldwin lifted his hat and shoved his fingers through his hair. "I reckon I can; there are only sixty or seventy of 'em. And Bob Stillings is your lawyer. Come around the corner and I'll introduce you."

CHAPTER X.

The Rocket and the Stick.

For a full fortnight after the preliminary visit to the Brewster City National bank Smith was easily the busiest man in Timanyoni county. Establishing himself in the Hophra House, and discarding the working khaki only because he was shrewd enough to dress the new part becomingly, he flung himself into what Colonel Baldwin called the "miracle-working" campaign with a zest that knew no flagging moment.

Within the fourteen-day period new town offices were occupied on the second floor of the Brewster City National building; Stillings, most efficient of corporation counsels, had secured the new charter; and the stock-books of Timanyoni High Line had been opened, with the Brewster City National named as the company's depository and official fiduciary agent.

At the dam the building activities had been generously doubled. An electric light plant had been installed, and Williams was working day and night shifts both in the quarries and on the forms. Past this, the new financial manager, himself broadening rapidly as his field broadened, was branching out in other directions. After a brief conference with a few of his principal stockholders he had instructed Stillings to include the words "Power and Light" in the cataloging of the new company's possible and probable charter activities, and by the end of the fortnight the foundations of a powerhouse were going in below the dam, and negotiations were already on foot with the Brewster city council looking toward the sale of electric current to the city for lighting and other purposes.

Smith had made the planting of his financial anchor securely to windward his first care. Furnished with a selected list by Colonel Baldwin, he had made a thorough canvass of possible investors, and by the time the new stock was printed and ready for delivery through Kinzie's bank, an ironclad pool of the majority of the original Timanyoni Ditch stock had been organized, and Smith had sold to Maxwell, Starbuck, and other local capitalists a sufficient amount of the new treasury stock to give him a fighting chance; this, with a promise of more if it should be needed.

Not to Maxwell or to any of the new investors had Smith revealed the full dimensions of the prize for which Timanyoni High Line was entering the race. Colonel Baldwin and one William Starbuck, Maxwell's brother-in-law, by courtesy, and his partner in the Little Alice mine, alone knew the wheel within the wheel; how the great eastern utility corporation represented by Stanton had spent a million or more in the acquisition of the Escalante grant, which would be practically worthless as agricultural land without the water which could be obtained only by means of the Timanyoni dam and canal system.

With all these strenuous stirrings in the business field, it may say itself that Smith found little time for social indulgences during the crowded fortnight. Day after day the colonel begged him to take a night off at the ranch, and it was even more difficult to refuse the proffered hospitality at the weekend. But Smith did refuse it.

It was not until after Miss Corona—driving to town with her father, as she frequently did—had thrice visited the new offices that Smith began to congratulate himself, rather bitterly, to be sure, upon his wisdom in staying away from Hillcrest. For one thing, he was learning that Corona Baldwin was able to make him see rose-colored. When she was not with him, he was a man in daily peril of meeting the sheriff. But when she was present, calm sanity had a way of losing its grip.

Miss Corona's fourth visit to the handsome suite of offices over the Brewster City National chanced to fall upon a Saturday. Her father, president of the new company, as he had been of the old, had a private office of his own, but Miss Corona soon drifted out to the railroad-off end of the larger room, where the financial secretary had his desk.

"Colonel-daddy tells me that you are coming out to Hillcrest for the weekend," was the way in which she interrupted the financial secretary's brow-knittings over a new material contract. "I have just wagered him a nice fat little round iron dollar of my allowance that you won't. How about it?"

Smith looked up with his best-natured grin.

"You win," he said shortly. "Thank you," she laughed. "In a minute or so I'll go back to the president's office and collect." Then: "One dinner, lodging and breakfast of us was about all you could stand, wasn't it? I thought maybe it would be that way."

"What made you think so?" She had seated herself in the chair reserved for inquiring investors. There was a little interval of glove-smoothing silence, and then, like a flash out of a clear sky, she smiled across the desk end at him and said:

"Will you forgive me if I ask you a perfectly ridiculous question?" "Certainly. Other people ask them every day."

"Is—is your name really and truly John Smith?"

"Why should you doubt it?" It was just here that Smith was given to see another one of Miss Corona's many moods—or tenes—and it was a new one to him. She was visibly embarrassed.

"I—I don't want to tell you," she stammered.

"All right; you needn't." "If you're going to take it that easy, I will tell you," she retorted. "Mr. Williams thought your name was an alias; and I'm not sure that he doesn't still think so."

"The Smiths never have to have aliases. It's like John Doe or Richard Roe, you know."

"Haven't you any middle name?" "I have a middle initial. It is 'M.' He was looking her fairly in the eyes as he said it, and the light in the new offices was excellent. Thanks to her horseback riding, Miss Corona's small oval face had a touch of healthy outdoor tan; but under the tan there came, for just a flitting instant, a flush of deep color, and at the back of the gray eyes there was something that Smith had never seen there before.

"It's—it's just an initial!" she queried.

"Yes; it's just an initial, and I don't use it ordinarily. I'm not ashamed of the plain 'John.'"

"I don't know why you should be," she commented, half absently, he thought. And then: "How many 'John M. Smiths' do you suppose there are in the United States?"

"Oh, I don't know; a million or so, I guess."

"I should think you would be rather glad of that," she told him. But when he tried to make her say why he should be glad, she talked pointedly of other things and presently went back to her father's office.

There were fine little beadings of perspiration standing on the fugitive's forehead when she left him.

After the other members of the office force had taken their departure, he still sat at his desk striving to bring himself back with some degree of clearheadedness to the pressing demands of his job. Just as he was about to give it up and go across to the Hophra House for his dinner, William Starbuck drifted in to open the railing gate and to come and plant himself in the chair of privilege at Smith's desk end.

"Well, son; you've got the animals stirred up good and plenty, at last," he said, when he had found the "makings" and was deftly rolling a cigarette—his one overlapping habit reaching back to his range-riding youth. "Dick Maxwell got a wire today from his kiddie's grandpaw—and my own respected daddy-in-law—Mr. Hiram Fairbairn; you know him—the lumber king."

"I'm listening," said Smith.

"Dick's wire was an order; instructions from headquarters to keep hands off of your new company and to work strictly in cahoots—harmony" was the word he used—with Crawford Stanton. How does that fit you?"

The financial secretary's smile was the self-congratulatory face-wrinkling of the quarry foreman who has seen his tackle hitch hold to land the big stone safely at the top of the pit.

"What is Maxwell going to do about it?" he asked.

"Dick is all wool and a yard wide; and what he signs his name to is what he is going to stand by. You won't lose him, but the wire shows us just about where we're aiming to put our leg into the gopher hole and break it, doesn't it?"

"I'm not borrowing any trouble. Mr. Fairbairn and his colleagues are just

a few minutes too late, Starbuck. We've got our footing—inside of the corral."

The ex-cowpuncher, who was now well up on the middle rounds of fortune's ladder, shook his head doubtfully.

"Don't you make any brash breaks, John. Mr. Hiram Fairbairn and his crowd can swing twenty millions to your one little old dollar and a half, and they're not going to leave any of the pebbles unturned when it comes to saving their investment in the Escalante. That's all; I just thought I'd drop in and tell you."

Smith went to his rooms in the hotel a few minutes later to change for dinner. He found the linen drawer in his dressing-case overflowing. Opening another, he began to arrange the overflow methodically. The empty drawer was lined with a newspaper, and a single headline on the upturned page sprang at him like a thing living and venomous. He bent lower and read the underrunning paragraph with a dull rage mounting to his eyes and serving for the moment to make the gray of the printed lines turn red.

Lawrenceville, May 19.—The grand jury has found a true bill against Montague Smith, the absconding cashier of the Lawrenceville Bank and Trust, charged with embezzling the bank's funds. The crime would have been merely a breach of trust and not actionable but for the fact that Smith, by owning stock in the bankrupt Westfall Industries lately taken over by the Richlander company, had so made himself amenable to the law. Smith disappeared on the night of the 14th and is still at large. He is also wanted on another criminal count. It will be remembered that he brutally assaulted President Dunham on the night of his disappearance. The reward of \$1,000 for his apprehension and arrest has been increased to \$2,000 by the bank directors.

CHAPTER XI.

The Narrow World.

At the fresh newspaper reminder that his sudden bound upward from the laboring ranks to the executive headship of the irrigation project had merely made him a more conspicuous target for the man-hunters, Smith scented himself of sleep and redoubled his efforts to put the new company on a sound and permanent footing. In the nature of things he felt that his own shift must necessarily be short. The more or less dramatic coup in Timanyoni High Line had advertised him thoroughly. He was rapidly coming to be the best-known man in Brew-



"How About It?"

ster, and he cherished no illusions about lost identities, or the ability to lose them. In the land where time and space have been wired and railroaded pretty well out of existence.

It was needless that he should work while the day was his in which to work; and he did work. Williams was still much to be done. Williams was still much to be done. Williams was still much to be done.

Smith flung himself masterfully at the new difficulties as they arose, and earned his meed of praise from the men for whom he overcame them. But under the surface current of the hurrying business life a bitter undertow was beginning to set in. He took his first decided backward step on the night when he went into a hardware store and bought a pistol. The free, fair-fighting spirit which had sent him barehanded against the three claim-jumpers was gone and in its place there was a full determination, undefined as yet, but keying itself to the barbaric pitch.

Try as hard as he may, Smith finds that he cannot keep sentiment out of his life. His fear of discovery and arrest increases. Important developments come in the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Sea Gives Up Estates.

Early strollers on the beaches as far north as Belmar recently recovered from the surf enough food to stock a country grocery, says a Sea Girl, N. Y. dispatch to the New York Times.

The flotam included canned goods of many sorts, but mostly tomatoes and asparagus; one man carried home three tubs of good butter and many clothesbaskets full of lemons, all of which were fresh and hard. Submarine activity was scouted as a cause for the pickings, but one guess as to their origin was that some vessel, a warship or possibly a big yacht, returning from a long cruise had passed up the coast and her crew had emptied the larder overboard so as to be certain of absolutely fresh provisions when next they put to sea.

SENT 1075 BILLS TO GOVERNOR

Legislature Just Before Adjournment Rushed Through a Flood of Measures.

VETOES KILL THREE BILLS

There Are Now in the Hands of the Governor 696 Bills—Some Vetoes and Some Measures That Have Been Approved.

—Harrisburg. The Legislature which adjourned sent to Governor Brumbaugh 1075 bills, a number which were recalled by resolutions of the two Houses. There are now in the hands of the Governor 696 bills. Exclusive of the recalled bills the action of the Governor has been as follows: Approvals of general bills, 226; approvals of appropriations, 42; vetoes, 81.

Governor Brumbaugh announced vetoes of two bills providing for increases of salaries, and also of the bill providing for a change in levying of taxes in townships for highway lighting. The vetoes were the first of a series expected to be made by the Governor.

In vetoing the House bill providing for increase of salaries of clerks in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of Philadelphia the Governor says: "Such salary matters ought to be determined by the local authorities who know the facts, and not by the State, whose interests are remote and whose knowledge of the facts is scant. The counties have the obligation to pay; why not the right to determine salaries? The State is not liable for the increased cost of this service; why should it decree the increase? It is a local matter."

The Governor also vetoed the bill to increase salaries of county officials in Luzerne and Lackawanna counties and says that it is not manifest why these officials should be singled out for the increase. He says the bill as drawn is not equitable, and that people have protested against the measure. "There is no evidence that better service would ensue," adds the Governor.

In his veto of the township light tax bill the Governor says to change the plan now existing would be an infringement upon rights, and that in his opinion the present law is all right. A change would work an injustice. He closes with this remark: "Any law that discourages where it should encourage laudable establishment of owned homes is not good law."

The Governor announced his approval of the Powell "war garden" bill, which makes it a misdemeanor, punishable by not over a year in prison, or \$100 fine, for anyone to steal, remove or destroy any seed or plant sown or planted in gardens.

The Governor approved eight other House bills, including the following: Forbidding power-driven vehicles from going over bridges at the rate of more than six miles an hour.

Requiring filing of certificates with Secretary of the Commonwealth by all persons engaged in business under assumed or fictitious names.

Giving poor districts right to take land for buildings or farming purposes, and providing means of paying damages therefor.

Validating satisfaction of mortgages in certain cases.

Providing for construction of public improvements in Philadelphia on the unit principle.

Providing for changes in State highway routes in Montour county.

Amending public improvements and eminent domain lien act of June 11, 1915, by excepting proceedings to ascertain damages and benefits for municipal street or sewer improvements.

Regulating election of first-class township commissioners, and providing a method whereby Courts may number election districts.

State Treasury Strong.

The receipts in the general fund of the State Treasury during the month of June were greater than the total balance in all State funds on June 30, 1916, according to reports of the past month just closed. The financial condition of the State has not been better for several years for the total balance of all funds now is \$7,360,795, while a year ago the total balance was \$2,204,922. At that time the general fund, or the working capital of the Commonwealth, was \$1,095,380. The general fund balance last August got below the \$1,000,000 mark.

While the receipts during the past month were heavy, amounting to \$2,658,234 in the general fund alone, the payments also were large and \$2,552,796 was paid out of this fund. The total receipts for the month were \$2,837,053 and the payments were \$150,000 in excess of this amount, being \$2,985,494.

For Elastic Contracts.

Governor Brumbaugh approved the Stern bill, which permits Philadelphia to award contracts by the unit system. The measure, which was drafted by City Solicitor Connelly, is an amendment to the Bullitt Charter act, under which he city was required to appropriate the total sum involved in the construction of a public improvement before the contract could be let.

The Stern bill permits contracts to be awarded for a portion of the proposed improvement.

PENNSYLVANIA BRIEFS

Paul W. Houck, of Shenandoah, took the oath of office as Secretary of Internal Affairs, to serve out the unexpired term of his father, the late Henry Houck. Seventy friends from Schuylkill county accompanied Mr. Houck. The oath was administered at Harrisburg by Frederick A. Godcharles, deputy secretary of the Commonwealth. No changes will be made for the present in the department.

The adjutant General's Department, Harrisburg, announced that it had received a report that the Sixteenth Infantry, Colonel George C. Rickards, Oil City, had reached war strength of 56 officers and 2902 men, the second regiment of the Guard to reach this strength, the first having been the Third Artillery, Colonel Asher Miner, Wilkes-Barre.

Warning that demands of military hospitals and convalescent camps for eggs will be so tremendous in the next year or so as to cause a shortage in the supply that ordinarily goes into domestic food business is given in the bulletin of the State Department of Agriculture. It is urged that people should not kill off their hens.

Park View, near Hazleton, is organizing a fire company, after \$10,000 loss. From burns caused by a fire-cracker, Francis Leary, aged 7, died at Lancaster.

Close to 8700 pneumatic-tired automobiles have been granted State licenses on the half-year basis by the State Highway Department.

Bathing after a hearty supper, Harry Himmelberger, aged 19, Lebanon, was fatally stricken with paralysis of the heart, in Swantara Creek, Valley Glen Park.

J. W. Mitterling sold a carload of cows in Collegeville, and they brought \$89 to \$140 each.

Of 54 Norristown young men who joined the Second Field Artillery, Philadelphia, but 15 were accepted.

The managers of the Bradford County Agricultural Society have decided to abolish horse racing at the Towanda fair this year. Half of the net proceeds of the fair will be turned over to the Red Cross Society.

Allegheny Mountain coal operators who have been retailing at Holidaysburg at \$2.50 a ton advanced their price to \$3 a ton to meet the supposed minimum rate fixed by the United States Government, to the indignation of thousands of consumers.

After years of idleness, the plate mill of Potts Brothers, Pottstown, went under a new ownership. The Nagle Steel Company, which also operates mills at Glasgow, Seyfert and Rahway, N. J., has purchased the entire Potts mill property and reconstructed it.

West Hazleton has instituted a blue law regime by Sunday closing.

Not receiving a bid, Altoona School Board will haul its coal from the mines.

War-time conditions have cut the attendance at Pennsylvania State College summer session for teachers to 645, against 1104 last year.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Women's division of War Relief, Altoona, has forwarded 200 soldiers' kits to the Ninth Regiment of Engineers.

Because so many parents have been imploring him to spare their sons, B. W. Wilde has notified Governor Brumbaugh he doesn't want to serve on the Hazleton Draft Exemption Board.

The Mennonite Home at Frederick is caring for 13 aged people.

The Pennsylvania railroad east of Pittsburgh has dropped the use of white lights in signals.

Jesse Williamson, Jr., of Philadelphia, a social leader, was sentenced to serve between eight and 24 years' imprisonment for embezzlement.

A class of 127 was graduated from the Lancaster High Schools, the largest in the history of the city.

Two hundred companies for home defense will be organized by the State organization of the Patriotic Order Sons of America.

The eight paroled prisoners who are tilling the soil at the Montgomery County Home are delighted with the change and the steward says they are doing good work.

Berks county farmers of the potato belt, when visited by speculators last week, who offered them \$2 a bushel for their potatoes in the autumn, refused to enter into any game of speculation.

Hawley Quier, John G. Rothermel and Charles S. Richardson, prominent Reading young men, have arrived in France as members of the Princeton Unit. Quier is driver of an army automobile.

Allen women in bloomers are doing farm work near Bristol.

There is an organized movement for the consolidation of a part of Lower Chester township and the borough of Marcus Hook, which includes Trainer and Linwood Heights.

The new moor truck company for the National Guard, organized at Lancaster, was inspected by Major R. S. Williams, United States army.

Young Mrs. Irvin Martin held the horses of a mower her husband was driving near Chambersburg to let him catch three runaway colts. The colts approached the horses in the field, and the latter broke and ran, throwing Mrs. Martin in front of the mower's cutter bar, which ran over her and severed her right foot mangle the ankle and foot badly. All over Franklin county women are working in the hay fields.

THE CENTRE REPORTER. ISSUED WEEKLY.

CENTRE HALL - - PENN'A.

THURSDAY, JULY 12, 1917

SMITH & BAILEY Proprietors
S. W. SMITH Editor
EDWARD E. BAILEY Local Editor and Business Manager

Entered at the Post Office in Centre Hall as second class mail matter.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one and one-half dollars per year.

ADVERTISING RATES.—Display advertisement of ten or more lines, for three or more insertions, ten cents per inch for each line. Display advertising occupying less space than ten lines and for less than three insertions, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per inch for each line, according to composition. Minimum charge seventy-five cents.

Local notices accompanying display advertising five cents per line for each insertion; otherwise, eight cents per line, minimum charge, twenty-five cents.

Legal notices, twenty cents per line for three insertions, and ten cents per line for each additional insertion.



CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, evening.
Reformed—Union, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.
Lutheran—Centre Hall, morning; Tusseyville, Spring Mills, evening.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

JURY COMMISSIONER.

We are authorized to announce the name of A. C. Ripka, of Centre Hall borough, as a candidate for the nomination of Jury Commissioner on the Democratic ticket, at the Primaries, September 18, 1917.

LOCALS.

J. C. Reed, of Boalsburg, was one of the Reporter's callers on the glorious Fourth.

Mr. and Mrs. Claud K. Stahl, of Altoona, were Sunday guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Stahl.

It was a grand Fourth. Beautiful weather, a big community picnic and a total absence of the usual Fourth accidents combined to make the day one of real joy.

Miss Mary Dingee, who is a nurse in training at the Clearfield hospital, is spending her annual vacation at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Dingee.

Mrs. W. R. Winegardner, who for several weeks was ill at the home of her mother, Mrs. Mary Goodhart, in this place, returned to her home in Millroy, on Monday.

Mrs. R. B. Jones and daughter, Miss Gladys, spent from Friday until Monday preceding the Fourth with the former's son, Rev. Victor H. Jones, and family, at Catawissa.

Miss Mildred Brown and brother, Malcolm Brown, children of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Brown, spent the past week in Lock Haven as guests of their uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Wagner.

Hon. C. R. Kurtz, accompanied by Mrs. Kurtz and children, motored from Philadelphia to Bellefonte via Centre Hall, last week. The former's mother was brought along as far as Lewisburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Farner, daughter, Miss Marion, and Melvin Boan, were arrivals at the home of Mr. Farner's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Farner, at Colyer, a week ago, for a two weeks' vacation. Mr. Farner is an employee in the city post office.

Mrs. Robert Snyder and baby daughter, after an extended visit with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Stahl, left for Akron, Ohio, last week, where they will make their future home. Mr. Snyder has been in that Ohio city for a month or more, where he is employed in automobile work.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Kerlin, William Kerlin and Miss Freda Bailey made up an auto party who on the Fourth drove to Pottsgrove and for several hours were guests of Rev. William Wagner, Mrs. Kerlin's brother. Going by the Lewistown narrows and returning by Lewisburg and the Penna Valley narrows, the trip was varied in scenery.

Mr. and Mrs. George Robertson accompanied the latter's father, B. D. Brislin, on the return auto trip from Connecticut, a short time ago. Mrs. L. W. S. Person, of Phillipsburg, New Jersey, also joined the party and upon the arrival at Centre Hall spent several days with her mother, Mrs. M. E. Strohman. Mr. Robertson's business affairs necessitated his early leaving for his home in Hartford, while Mrs. Robertson is extending her visit.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Campbell, son F. H. Campbell, and wife, of Erie, stopped in Centre Hall on the Fourth to greet friends and relatives. The party are on a week's auto tour and will cover many points in Pennsylvania. While here they visited Mrs. Campbell's sister, Mrs. Jerry Stump. The senior Mr. Campbell will be remembered as being miller at the local flouring mill twenty-eight years ago. He is now head miller in the Crouch Bros. Co. milling plant in Erie.

INJURIES MAY PROVE FATAL.

John F. Miller, of Potters Mills, the Victim of an Accident at Local Railroad Crossing.—His Condition Serious.

Internal injuries, sustained in an accident on the railroad tracks at the Centre Hall station, on Monday afternoon, will likely prove fatal to John F. Miller, aged about sixty-three years. Mr. Miller was hauling crushed stone from E. C. Wagner's plant, on the north side of the station, for the state road construction near Old Fort, making it necessary for him to cross the railroad tracks on each trip. He was driving F. A. Carson's team in a dump wagon and was on his way to the quarry just as the local freight from the east pulled into the station, at 3:30 o'clock. Mr. Miller states that he failed to see the approach of the train until his horses had planted their feet on the nearest track. The engine, which had slowed down to about an 8-mile-an-hour speed, struck the rear of the wagon, uncoupling it. Mr. Miller was thrown violently to the ground, the impact causing him to be tossed about the road bed to a considerable extent, which was responsible for the numerous superficial wounds about his body. He was picked up and carried into the waiting room and Dr. H. H. Longwell summoned. The physician found contusions of the scalp, left thigh, hands, ears, and eye, besides discovering a broken clavicle. Upon being conveyed to his home at Potters Mills, the fact that he suffered internal injuries was shown by the appearance of blood in his sputum and in other excretions. Owing to his age it is feared that his internal injuries will prove fatal.

Mr. Miller is an upright citizen and the grave misfortune which has befallen him is lamented by the many people who are his friends.

Opposing the Red Cross Movement.

It is with much regret, sorrow and shame that the Reporter is obliged to announce that the Red Cross movement is being opposed in some sections of Penna Valley by men who presume themselves prominent in their respective localities. The slacker, the spy, the traitor we know how to deal with, but what shall we do with a man who opposes the work of the Red Cross? To ostracize him from society would inflict no punishment, for they must be without shame or honor.

A call on Monday over the telephone from Spring Mills reveals the fact that the Red Cross is being grossly misrepresented in that locality, and undoubtedly intentionally so. The false representation is that those who joined the Red Cross auxiliaries would not only subject themselves to being assessed but to conscription as well. While these statements are almost too ridiculous to take notice of it shows the calibre of those who stand in the way of this great world-wide movement—the Red Cross—that is recognized by every civilized nation.

Becoming a member of the Red Cross auxiliary, the membership fee for which is only one dollar, carries with it no further obligations either as to work or money, and, of course, has nothing whatever to do with conscription. The Red Cross members have much work to do, and will do much, but that is entirely voluntary.

You will be doing a patriotic act by joining the Red Cross, and you will be doing yourself credit to shun any man who opposes Red Cross work.

Marriage Licenses.

Chester M. Frank, Phillipsburg
Annie E. Harter, Phillipsburg
Robert E. Reynolds, New York
Frances Womelsdorf, New York
Sylvester R. Smeale, Wigton
Helen Wilton, Wigton
James H. Hugg, Phillipsburg
Elizabeth Moore, Phillipsburg
Claude Wyland, Bellefonte
Elizabeth I. Wyland, Bellefonte
W. D. Lucas, Bellefonte
Fannie C. Walker, Yarnell
Allen A. Auman, Coburn
May L. Ream, Spring Mills
Owen Johnson, New York
Cecile De Lagarde, Boalsburg
Robert Shope, Milesburg
Anna M. Lucas, Milesburg
Harry A. Long, Bellefonte
Elizabeth Trimble, Bellefonte
Clyde C. Fretzer, Howard
America Confer, Howard
John A. Tennis, Tyrone
Roxie Roseman, State College

Pleasant Gap.

Elmer Musser, of Pottsgrove, is spending his vacation at the home of his father.

Mr. and Mrs. Lester Gill spent a few days last week at the home of Fred Loe, of Sandy Ridge.

Miss Elsie Herman, who had been visiting with friends at Tyrone, returned home Saturday.

Mrs. F. S. Hill and daughter Catherine are visiting friends at Lewistown.

Dunk Herman and lady friend spent the Fourth at Tyrone.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hoy, of Niagara Falls, are visiting friends in this place.

Miss Clara Ripka spent last week among friends in Milton.

BOALSBURG.

Miss Helen Coxey, of Tyrone, visited her mother, Mrs. Mannie Coxey. The Boalsburg Rebecca Lodge will hold a festival in Boal hall, July 14. Miss Rachel Rothrock is visiting her sister, Mrs. Harold Coxey.

Miss Ada Kiene is visiting relatives in Millheim.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Brooks and Christine Weaver, of Pleasant Gap, spent Sunday here.

Mrs. Priscilla Williams, son and daughter, of Du Bois, spent last week with relatives here.

Misses Mary and Rachel Segner spent Thursday of last week with Miss Eliza Gilliland, at Oak Hall.

A number of young folks from this place enjoyed a moonlight picnic at Shingletown on Wednesday evening.

Miss Frances Patterson is spending several weeks at the Walter D. Ludwig home in Johnstown.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Weber spent Friday with their daughter, Mrs. Charles Ross, at Pine Grove.

Mrs. Maude Norris and two children, of Coatsville, are visiting Mrs. Norris's sister, Mrs. G. N. Fisher.

Hon. Cyrus Woods and wife, of Harrisburg, visited the former's sister, Mrs. Alice Magoffin.

Miss Marian Chrisman, of Kutztown, visited her school mate, Miss Florence Hazel.

Miss Margaret Knox, of Cherokee, Iowa, is visiting her aunt, Miss Lucetia Goheen.

Mrs. W. C. Gattig, daughter Catherine, and son William, of Altoona, are visiting Mrs. Gattig's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Meyer.

Mr. and Mrs. William Sweet and two sons, of Lancaster, spent last week with Mrs. Sweet's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Meyer.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Grove, of Pine Grove, spent Thursday of last week with their daughter, Mrs. Edward Lucas here.

Adam Swartz and daughter, Mrs. Peebles, and the latter's son, of Kansas City, Kansas, spent some time at the home of Mrs. Susanna Lehler.

Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Stuart and daughter, Mary Elizabeth, of Ingram, came to O. L. Mothersbaugh home last week where they will remain for some time.

Prof. Edward Meyer, wife and two daughters, Elizabeth and Loraine, of Newark, New Jersey, came to spend the summer months with Mr. Meyer's mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Meyer.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fisher and son, of Danville, accompanied by Mrs. E. A. Fisher of this place, who had spent some time with them, came to Boalsburg on Tuesday where they will spend the summer months.

Mrs. W. J. Noll, son David, of Linden Hall, and daughter, Mrs. Alpheus Wolfe, and son, of Greensburg, and Mrs. Stella Albertson, of Philadelphia, spent Sunday at the William Stover home.

A. G. C. Stover of Los Angeles, California, and Mrs. Frink, of Unionville, visited their sister, Mrs. Laura Bricker. Miss Nora Stover, of Bellefonte, a niece of Mrs. Bricker, was also a visitor at the Bricker home.

Mrs. Carrie E. Osman, of Colorado Springs, Col., a former resident of Centre Hall, came to Centre county several weeks ago where she will visit until fall. It is sixteen years since Mrs. Osman has been to this part of the country. Mrs. Osman makes her home with her son, Rev. Robert Bruce Wolf, a Lutheran minister. She spends part of her time with her son Edward, a druggist, of Kansas City, Mo. Mrs. Osman came to Boalsburg, after visiting relatives at State College, and was the guest of Mrs. J. H. Meyer. She also visited other acquaintances while here.

The new Lohr dog bill just passed by the Legislature will give farmers greater interest in sheep growing as they have more protection against dogs than ever before.

AARONSBURG.

Howard Acker visited his daughter in Lewistown for a few days last week. Mrs. Harvey Charles, of Hartleton, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Claud Feidler.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Burd are the proud parents of a baby girl, born July 1st. It is the first child in the family.

Mrs. John Haines, who has been in the Bellefonte hospital for several weeks awaiting the time when she would acquire sufficient strength to endure an operation, passed through the ordeal last week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Crouse, Mrs. Leo Haines, Sara Guiswite and Mrs. D. W. Holloway, returned from a 350-mile auto trip. They visited points in Gettysburg, New York, Harrisburg, and other cities.

Mr. and Mrs. Erwin Barner, little daughter, their son Bruce and wife, autoed from Mill Hall on Sunday, reaching the Warren Winkleblech home early in the morning. In the afternoon they visited Mrs. Barner's brother, J. H. Detwiler, near Centre Hall.

PENN HALL.

Mrs. James Albright is visiting her son, near State College.

Mrs. Ephraim Shook, who had been sick last week is improving slowly.

Mrs. Frank Herman, of Altoona, visited her sister, Mrs. Scott Decker, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hennigh spent Sunday at the home of Lloyd Houser.

Ellory Ornsdorf and family spent Sunday afternoon at the home of George Shook.

Mrs. Harrison Bloom, of State College is visiting at the home of Lucy Musser.

Mr. and Mrs. Hayett, accompanied by Mrs. Colman and Mrs. Shook, of Seville, Ohio, visited their cousin, George, Andrew, Daniel, Emanuel and Mrs. Ephraim Shook, last week.

Georges Valley

Rev. L. A. Miller and family dined at the J. K. Confer home on Sunday.

Mrs. Carylon Confer is spending a few weeks at the home of her son, Joseph Confer.

Mrs. F. R. Herman returned to her home in Altoona on Monday after spending a week with friends here.

Mrs. Lydia Lingle and granddaughter, Helen Ripka, spent last week with friends in Lock Haven.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Ripka spent Sunday at the home of Mr. Ripka's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Ripka.

Mrs. Frank McClellan went to Union county on Saturday to attend the funeral of her sister, Mrs. George Zimmerman.

From last week.
Mrs. Mary Enniet, of Yeagertown, is spending some time at the home of her sister, Mrs. James Faust.

F. M. Ackerman has gone to Potters Mills to paint the new residence of F. W. Enniet.

Arthur G. H., of Burnham, spent Sunday with his many friends at this place. Mr. Gill has enlisted and expects to be called away at any time.

Children's Day service was well attended at Locust Grove on Sunday evening. In the absence of the pastor, Rev. L. A. Miller, the address was made by Rev. Kessler, of Madisonburg.

CENTRE OAK

From last week.
George Fetterolf has been suffering from a healing in his head.

Haymaking is one of the jobs for the farmers at present. The crop is fair.

On Sunday evening the Evangelical church at the Swamp was filled with people to witness the Children's Day exercises which were a success. All knew their parts well, and the collection baskets were well filled.

Brings result.—A Reporter ad

THE MARKETS.

GRAIN	
Corrected weekly by Bradford & Son.	
Wheat (new).....	No quotation given
Corn	1 65
Oats	.60
Barley	1.00
Rye	1.10

PRODUCE AT STORES	
Butter	.30
Eggs	.30

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

FOUND—Motor cycle license, No. 7223—Same can be had by calling on undersigned and paying for this notice. FRED ROYER, Potters Mills, Spring Mills, R. D.

PIGS FOR SALE—10 pigs, five weeks old, and 8 which are a few weeks older. All in prime condition.—M. A. SANKEY, Spring Mills, Pa., R. D. Bell phone.

Try this office for your printing.

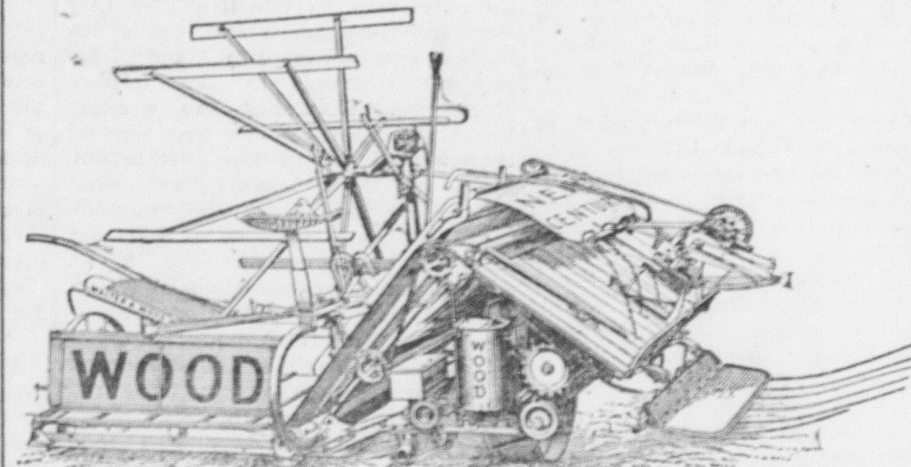
MONTHLY MILK REPORT

Of the Continental Condensed Milk Company, of Spring Mills, Pa.
Patrons Receiving the Largest Checks for Month of May.

Name	Post Office	Weight	Amount
W. F. Colyer	Centre Hall	9655	\$129 19
William Breon	Centre Hall	9018	173 14
J. K. Bitner	Centre Hall	6469	138 44
S. H. Hackenbush	Spring Mills	6642	134 17
L. C. Miller	Centre Hall	6352	134 02
Oliver Feidler	Woodward	6143	130 85
W. W. Herman	Lemont	6214	130 49
C. P. Long	Spring Mills	6215	128 03
Harris Stover	Woodward	5976	121 31
D. H. Bottorff	Lemont	5864	117 28
W. R. Barges	Centre Hall	5075	104 44
J. H. Horner	Tusseyville	4826	97 85

JUST ARRIVED--

A carload of the famous Walter A. Wood Farm Machinery, consisting of BINDERS, MOWERS, MANURE SPREADERS, SIDE DELIVERY RAKES, HAY TEDDERS, ETC.



We still have a few of these machines on hand and can quote you attractive prices.

CLEVE H. EUNGARD, Spring Mills

WHAT SHALL I DO?



with my money to keep it safe? is a question with people who keep their money at home, and as a temptation to thieves or burglars.

Why not deposit it in a good, safe bank where it will draw 3 per cent. interest and be safe at the same time. You can do this now by putting it in the Farmers National Bank, Millheim.

Call to see us. We are always glad to see you.

The Farmers National Bank

Millheim, Pa.

Education is the foundation on which one's life work depends.

Build for success. Equip yourself for worthy, practical service. A thorough course where actual practice is made to emphasize and enforce the theories taught is given at the

PENNSYLVANIA STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

of Indiana, Pa.

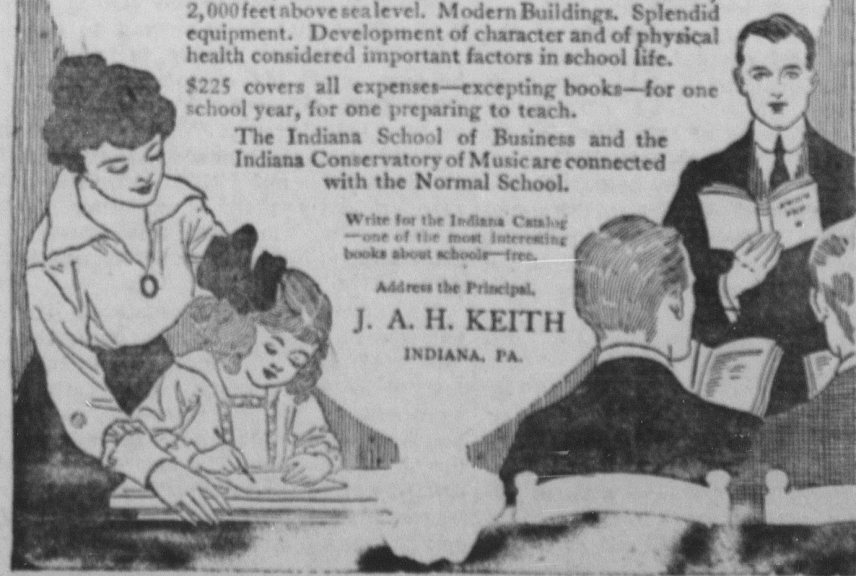
Thousands of successful graduates demonstrate the value of Indiana training. A Faculty of Fifty-five Members. Healthful location, 2,000 feet above sea level. Modern buildings. Splendid equipment. Development of character and of physical health considered important factors in school life.

\$225 covers all expenses—excepting books—for one school year, for one preparing to teach.

The Indiana School of Business and the Indiana Conservatory of Music are connected with the Normal School.

Write for the Indiana Catalog—one of the most interesting books about schools—free.

Address the Principal,
J. A. H. KEITH
INDIANA, PA.



LOCALS

Miss Florence Love, of Bellefonte, visited friends in this place during her vacation.

Mrs. Mary Smith, of Bellefonte, spent several days with her sons and daughter in this place.

Henry Mitterling and Earl Lambert enlisted in the ambulance corps, at Bellefonte, on Tuesday.

Miss Daisy Rowe, of Boscawen, is visiting her cousins, the Misses Isabel, Verna and Ethel Rowe.

Mrs. Mary Snyder, of Muncy, spent several days over the Fourth with her sister, Miss Gertrude Floray.

P. G. Yearick, of Philadelphia, is spending a few weeks with his sister, Mrs. W. E. Mingle, in this place.

Rev. J. C. Still and son, Barnaby, participated in the organization last week of a Red Cross Auxiliary at Millersburg.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. John Delaney, west of Old Fort, was brightened by the arrival of a big baby boy last Thursday evening.

A double execution took place at Rockview on Tuesday morning when a negro and a white man were put to death in the electric chair.

George W. Miller, accompanied by his son, of Axmann, were in town the latter part of last week, at which time the elder Mr. Miller paid his respects to this office.

F. J. McClellan advertises in another column the International one-pipe heater, for which he has accepted the agency. Mr. McClellan is installing this system of heating in his new home.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Krape, of W. F. Floray and Miss Mabel Hepp motored to State College last Sunday to visit Mr. Krape's step-mother, Mrs. Kathryn Krape, who has been seriously ill.

Mrs. Franklin S. Long and four children, of Washington, D. C., are guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geiss Wagner, in this place, where they will remain until September 1st.

Why not continue flying the pennants from the touring car? Just a short time ago scarcely a car was without its pennant, now it is almost obsolete. The pennant ought to be put on the front and the pennant on the rear of the car.

J. Fred Kurtz, postmaster and newspaper man at Lewisburg, accompanied by Mrs. Kurtz and a friend, spent several hours in Centre Hall on Tuesday evening. The former's mother accompanied them as far as Aaronburg. Later she will come to Centre Hall.

The Linden Hall Teachers Training Class held its final meeting Saturday evening, July 7th. The following members received the Pennsylvania State S. S. Association diploma: Miss Ruth Callahan, Mrs. Annie T. Noll, Mrs. Ida E. McClellan, and W. W. White.

Official Red Cross first-class mail matter may be carried by the government at the one-cent rate, provided congress adopts the one-cent Red Cross stamp now under consideration. Many leaders favor recognizing the Red Cross by granting this special postage rate.

Miss Isabel Rowe, who finished her second term of teaching at South Bethlehem a short time ago, is spending the summer vacation period at home. Miss Sarah Neff is another young instructor who having a short time ago finished her first term of teaching in distant Maine, returned to her home west of Centre Hall.

W. A. Rokey and son, Ralph Rokey, of Boscawen, were pleasant callers at this office one day last week. The junior Mr. Rokey is engaged in farming on his own "hook" for the first year, and has experienced help in his father whose farm adjoins the son's. Cooperation in every department of farm work is practiced, which means a minimum of expenditure and the best results.

One of the heaviest rains of the season passed over the valley Tuesday evening and night, when more than an inch of rain fell. Storm accompanied the rain in some sections, working havoc with wheat fields. Practically every farmer in the valley has grass cut and not in years has the hay season opened under such unfavorable weather conditions. Rain is the order of the day with no immediate fair weather in sight.

Messrs. F. P. Geary and Harry W. Harper tried their luck in the waters of Penns Creek, below Coburn, which abounds in big trout, on Monday morning, but the looks of their creels on their return home was evidence that it was a "poor day for fishing". They were forced to admit that their fishing companion—Jacob B. Kerstetter—of Coburn, found the "luck" rather good, for besides hooking a number of fair sized trout he also landed another 23-inch speckled beauty of the California species. Of course, this is commonplace with "Jake," for he has become so accustomed to finding the big ones on his line that it doesn't give him the slightest concern, and instead of taking the prize home, he presented it to his friend Geary, who was unfisherman-like enough to disclaim the honor of catching it.

DEATHS

Mrs. John McCool died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Magnus Duck, at Spring Mills, Tuesday evening at seven o'clock. She had been in ill health for two years. Her husband and three children survive: Mrs. Magnus Duck, Jacob McCool, of Spring Mills, and Al. McCool, in the west. Mrs. Luther Royer is a half sister.

Funeral services will be held Saturday morning, burial in the Holy Cross cemetery, Georges Valley.

William A. Long, a civil war veteran, died in the hospital at Lock Haven last Thursday morning, after a lingering illness.

Mr. Long was born in Centre county, eighty-three years ago, but resided in Lock Haven nearly all his life. He enlisted in Co. H, 53d Regt., Penna. Vols. Infantry, Sept. 10, 1861, and was honorably discharged on Feb. 25, 1863. He leaves one son, Thomas O. Long, of Greenboro, N. C.

Funeral services were conducted Saturday afternoon and interment made in the Soldiers' Circle in Highland cemetery, Lock Haven.

Miss Myrtle Miller died at the home of Frank Mitchell, at Flemington, after undergoing an operation for appendicitis. She was the daughter of Clyde Miller, late of Lewisburg, deceased, and a niece of Mrs. Jas. Smetzler in Centre Hall, where the funeral procession stopped long enough to view the body. Miss Miller had been a guest at the Smetzler home a few weeks prior to her death, and will be recalled by a number of young people.

Mrs. Mary Catherine Aund Spigelmyer, wife of merchant Jerome Spigelmyer, of Millheim, passed away at their home Wednesday, June 27th, following an illness of several years due to dropsy and other complications. She was aged sixty-one years. The husband and one daughter survive; also two brothers—James and Charles Aund, of Millroy.

Burial was made in Millheim, Saturday following her death.

Charles Kass died at his home in Millheim, Tuesday morning at seven o'clock, from heart trouble, aged thirty-five years. He was a native of Marysville, but for the past five years resided at Millheim where he was employed by the firm of Hosterman & Stover as a plumber. He leaves a wife and four children.

The body was shipped to Marysville for interment.

James Jackson Young, born at Pine Grove Mills, January 16, 1832, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. John Klohe, near Altoona, last Thursday morning, of a complication of diseases. Eight children survive. Burial was made on Saturday.

Hiram Orndorf, aged eighty years, and a native of Howard, died at Lens, Illinois, June 25th, from the effects of paralysis. He went west at the age of twenty-seven years.

Spring Mills.

Mrs. Fulton, of Johnsonburg, visited friends here last week.

Mr. Johnson of Union county spent Sunday at the home of his son Miles.

Calvin Zerby and wife, of Youngstown, Ohio, are visiting their many relatives.

Mrs. Jane Pealer received word of the death of her brother, Pierce Leitze, at Belvidere, Illinois.

Prof. W. A. Moyer, of Huntingdon, was circulating among friends on Saturday.

Grover Gentzell, wife and two children, of Altoona, spent a few days at the George Gentzell home.

F. W. Long and son, of Cambridge, Ohio, are spending a week with relatives and friends.

Mr. Condo and two daughters, of Lock Haven, spent a few days with Mr. Condo's brother, S. L. Condo, and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Zong returned Saturday from a visit with their daughter, Mrs. Aaron Stitzer, at Rochester, N. Y.

Silo Building Materials.

The dairy husbandry department of the Pennsylvania State College is receiving numerous inquiries from farmers of the State concerning the merits of different silo building materials. Almost all kinds of building materials are used for silo construction. It frequently happens that one particular type of material becomes practically universal in a particular locality, leading to the belief that no other material will successfully preserve silage.

Wood stave silos were among the first to be built above ground. For a number of years they have been advertised and sold in all parts of the country. In some localities farmers will not risk other construction material.

Tests made by the Pennsylvania experiment station to determine the relative value of wood-stave and concreteblock silos do not prove one type superior to the other.

Centre Reporter a \$1.50 per year.

LOCALS

W. C. T. U. at the home of Mrs. J. C. Rosman, Saturday evening.

Miss Virginia Young, of York, is spending a short vacation with friends in Potter township.

Mrs. Stella Brown and son Jefferson, of Millroy, were guests of the former's father, Prof. W. A. Krise, for several days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Richards, and the latter's father, Homer Mahaffey, of Altoona, spent a week at the Clyde Dutrow home. Mrs. Richards is a sister of Mr. Dutrow's.

Prof. John B. Boyer, for the past nine years principal of the Millroy High school, tendered his resignation last week. He has accepted a similar position at his old home in Northumberland county.

Rev. and Mrs. W. R. Jones and two daughters motored from Shawville, Clearfield county, to the home of the former's parents, at the Reformed parsonage in this place and will remain for a week or more.

G. H. Emerick, the Overland dealer in this place, disposed of two Overland five-passenger cars within the past week. A brand new car was sold to Lee Markel, west of Centre Hall, on Tuesday, and a week prior merchant C. M. Smith purchased the car Mr. Emerick had been using.

The Reporter was favored with a short call by Dr. M. P. Cummings, of Reidsville, North Carolina, who with Mrs. Cummings are guests at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Grove, at Spring Mills. Dr. Cummings is mayor of his city, and is also on the exemption board in his district, which makes his stay here of less duration than it would have been otherwise. Mr. and Mrs. Grove, Miss Zettie and P. K. Detweiler were also in the party with Mr. Cummings on their way to Pleasant Gap to visit Mr. and Mrs. Archey Zettie.

Girls Raise Money for Red Cross.

A carnival held by the Nitane Camp Fire Girls, of Millheim, on July 4th, resulted in a sum of \$80.49 being raised which was turned over to the Red Cross Auxiliary.

PLAYS SOLOMON WITH DEER

Judge Unable to Decide Who Shot Buck, So He Has the Animal Halved.

All day a lone deer, a three-pronged buck, was lying in an automobile in front of the new courthouse, awaiting Justice Willis' decision as to who owned the animal. The animal was shot a week ago in the wilds of Jacks mountain, and James F. Keam of Beavertown claims he shot it, and swore out a warrant for the arrest of five men for stealing the deer. Joseph Hummel of New Berlin, one of the men arrested, also claims he shot the deer.

The justice decided that the costs, \$35, should be divided equally between the parties, and that the deer should be cut in halves with the hide on.

Meanwhile the Beavertown party took the deer home and the justice sent Constable Specht to bring it back. —Middleburg (Pa.) Dispatch Philadelphia Record.

British Empire's Possessions.

In the Woman's Home Companion Laura Spencer Porter has an article on the traditions of England in which she says:

"This is the most dominant and conquering nation of the world today, governing an empire which possesses something over one-fifth of the known surface of the globe, and more than one-fifth of all its inhabitants, a people whose 'far-flung battle line' protects, we are told, a country 'fifty-three times the size of France, fifty-two times the size of Germany, three times the size of Europe entire; with three times the vast populations of all the Russias, embracing four continents and ten thousand islands'—this, the most dominant nation, this little home island, possessed now of this overwhelming vast empire, was, with its people in their childhood, more conquered, seemingly, than any other people; conquered by the Romans, the Britons, Saxons, the Danes, the Angles, the Jutes, and, finally, the Normans. Conquest after conquest. A strange and one might even think a humiliating childhood. Yet the very contrary, when one looks closer, is true."

Collier's Failure With Cows.

Cows, apparently, cannot be herded on the "moral suasion" plan. A farmer writes to the "Rural New Yorker" complaining that his imported Scotch collie dogs are too gentle with the stock. These dogs, he says, are very bright and intelligent, and would make good stock dogs if they would only bite the cows "enough to make the cows afraid of them." The dogs are probably hereditarily disposed not to bite their charges, collies having been for generations accustomed to herd sheep. Their indisposition to attack the cows ought to go to their credit, as being genuine collie.

New Idea in Flooring.

The floors of a building recently erected in Pennsylvania, where heavy material is to be stored, form an experiment. On a five-inch layer of sawdust has been placed a half-inch covering of red cement. The process was discovered in, and the materials are imported from Greece. It deadens sound and is easier for those who do their work standing.

Must Produce Tax Receipt.

When the army of Centre county hunters who desire to search for turkeys, cotton tails and other game, this fall, apply at the office of County Treasurer Chambers for a hunter's license, they will find a new proviso tacked to the hunting law.

The new proviso requires that the applicant must show his tax receipt for the last year. If a woman or a minor, no tax receipt will be required. It goes without saying that this arrangement will materially reduce the number of hunters' licenses, but it will at the same time, aid in keeping the taxes paid up and may also be the means of getting the names of the young voters on the registration books.

In adding this trouble to the applicant, the state lawmakers had in view several things, among which was that a man who is unwilling to pay a county tax and school tax, to help keep up the running expenses of the

government, is unfit to possess the privileges of a hunter's license.

STATE AGRICULTURAL NOTES.

It is estimated that during the past year 627,350 fleeces were clipped by sheep raisers in this State which is just a slight fraction of a per cent. below last year, while the annual increase for the past ten years has been three per cent.

Farmers are urged by the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture to plan for forage crops and build silos in order to keep as many dairy cattle as possible. The milk question and the reduction in dairy cattle is becoming serious in the State.

Wheat is reported as stooling out thin in many sections of the State and the general average indicates a decrease of almost 5,000,000 bushels below last year's crop.

A killed regiment, while on the march through a part of Scotland, halted for a Sunday's rest at one of the remote villages in the Highlands, where some of the brave laddies were billeted on the inhabitants.

One old lady had to find a lodging for two of the soldiers, Sandy and Tam, and she was delighted to know they were going to the kirk in the evening, she herself being unable to go. Her pleasure was increased when one of her guests, who happened to be an accomplished shorthand writer, promised to tell her all the minister said in his sermon, though she had her doubts as to how he would be able to remember it all.

Sandy and Tam came back from church, and the former read the sermon out from his notebook, to the admiration and astonishment of his landlady, who had never heard of shorthand, and had no idea how anyone could write as fast as the minister spoke.

When Sandy had finished, and the good lady had expressed her thanks for the privilege of hearing the sermon, she asked him to let her look at the book he had been reading from. She seemed much disappointed, however, because she could make nothing of it.

At length, after a close inspection of the mystic signs, she said to the blushing warrior:

"Ye're a grand laddie and a verra gude reader, but I must tell ye, and if I was your ain mither I wad hae to admit it, ye're the verra wurst writer I ever came across."

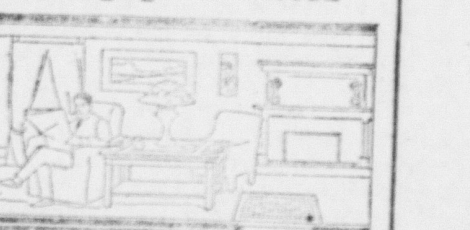
Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces, such articles should never be used except on prescription from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists. Price 75c per bottle. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Are You a Slave to Stoves?

Is your house heated only in spots? Do you want to do away with the dirt and trouble of carrying coal and ashes through the rooms? Do you want more heat at less cost? Why not investigate the

INTERNATIONAL Onepipe Heater



Ask us if it is practical for your home

F. J. McCLELLAN
CENTRE HALL Bell Phone

NIEMAN'S

SEMI-ANNUAL

Clearance Sale Begins Saturday, July 14th

REMEMBER, this is positively the greatest Money-Saving proposition of the year, because you all know that under the present market conditions merchandise has reached remarkably high prices. And yet we are offering you such great bargains at this sale. You surely will not pass up such a golden opportunity.

SPECIAL—for the Ladies

Our entire stock of Ladies' Coats, Suits and Dresses, Reduced to One-Half former price.

Special Great Reduction

of our entire stock of Men's and Ladies' Low Shoes and White Shoes.

D. J. NIEMAN

MILLHEIM

TUESDAY

HOW the old range does love to heat things up, especially when it's sizzling hot outside! Then, there's always the coal or wood to carry, always that constant raking and poking, pulling this and pushing that, to keep the fire going.

But the ironing must be done. There's no other way to do it, is there? No, not unless you have a New Perfection Oil Cook Stove in your kitchen.

NEW PERFECTION OIL COOK-STOVES

have made thousands of women happy—freed them from the ironing day and the everyday drudgery and overwork you have now.

A Perfection will heat the irons on Tuesdays. And it's always ready to bake, fry, boil or roast at the strike of a match. You'll be particularly interested in the separate oven and the fireless cooker. Your dealer will explain about them. Ask him.

THE ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY Philadelphia and Pittsburgh

One of the many good points about a Perfection is that it burns the most economical fuel—kerosene. And the best kerosene is Rayolight. It's so highly refined that it burns without smoking, sputtering, smelling or charring the wicks. Look for this sign:



MEXICO LINING UP WITH THE ALLIES

Predicted That She Will Declare War on Germany.

ASSURE OILS AND METALS

Gen. Gonzales Tells a German Consul That He, the Kaiser and Imperial Government May All Go To a Hotter Place Than Mexico.

El Paso.—Since the pro-Ally campaign in Mexico was first started by El Universal, in Mexico City, the sentiment favoring the Allies has reached Northern Mexico, and during the past 30 days, a well defined movement favoring an open break with Germany and the alignment of Mexico on the side of the Entente Allies has developed. This has been in spite of the pro-German sentiments published daily in Chihuahua City and in other papers, believed to be subsidized by the Germans in the north.

A reflection of this sentiment was seen recently in the statement by Gen. Francisco Gonzales, acting commander-in-chief of the northeastern military zone, with headquarters at Chihuahua. He was overcharged by the German firm of Ketelson & Degetau for some padlocks. The manager was arrested and placed in the penitentiary. The German consul made a demand for his release "in the name of the Imperial German Government and the Kaiser," according to a Mexican official, who was present at the time.

"Tell the German consul he, the imperial government and the Kaiser may all go to hell," General Gonzales answered.

Prominent Mexicans, men in close touch with the capitol, predict Mexico will declare war on Germany within 30 days. According to these men, all German money in the Mexico City, Torreón, Chihuahua City and other banks will be seized as soon as war is declared, the German boats in Tampico and other ports will be seized, thereby giving Mexico a much-needed merchant fleet, and all Germans will either be interned or deported at once, their properties being confiscated.

The Tampico oil fields would be safe for the oil supply of the Allied fleets by declaring a zone in which traffic would be restricted and the mines, smelters and mills reopened at once to produce munitions metals for the Allies.

"We can do nothing in a military way in Europe," said one of them. "But we can make Mexico safe for the Allied nationals and for their properties. We can show our sympathy with the same cause for which we have been fighting for the past six years by aiding the Allies in every way, even though we are unable to assist materially in the war."

The good effect of such a declaration upon the relations of Mexico and the United States, especially along the border, is pointed out. It would mean closer cooperation with American officers in stopping the wholesale traffic in ammunition, cattle smuggling, gun running and all of the other violations of the laws along the border.

The anti-German movement is not unopposed in the north, as the German residents of Chihuahua City, Torreón and other places have been spending money lavishly entertaining officials, army officers and influential citizens. But with the usual German method, they seem to have overplayed their hand and brought about a reaction by causing the naturally suspicious Mexicans to suspect they had an ulterior motive in their friendship. Americans returning from Mexico City say 60 days will elapse before Mexico declares war against Germany. They say the German sentiment there is exaggerated and that the great mass of Mexican citizens are in sympathy with the Allies.

They say also the part General Obregon played in the pro-German agitation was exaggerated, as they claim his name was used by the Germans to lend dignity to the pro-German movement, and they say the former war minister is a friend of Americans and the Allies.

ROOT MAKES GIFT TO RUSSIANS.

Others Of American Mission At Election Of Metropolitan.

Petrograd.—Elihu Root, head of the American mission to Russia, has donated 5,000 rubles to the soldiers of Moscow. He was formally thanked for the gift by the Mayor of the city. Charles R. Crane and John R. Mott, of the mission, attended the election at Moscow, at which Archbishop Tikhon, formerly stationed in the United States, was named Metropolitan of Moscow by popular vote.

WOULD KEEP ALFONSO.

King Would Be President If Spain Becomes Republic, Says F. A. Haim.

Washington.—"If out of the present conditions in Spain there should come a republic, it is more than likely that King Alfonso would be elected President," declared F. A. Haim, a New Yorker, who has been traveling in Spain. "No ruler in Europe is quite as popular with his people as Alfonso."

GERMAN'S ATTACK WITH HEAVY LOSSES

Ground in Front of French Positions Strewed With Dead.

FRENCH LINES INTACT

Did Not Gain a Yard Or Take a Prisoner—Enemy Artillery Also Hampered By Lack Of Observation Posts.

French Front in France.—After their strongest offensive effort since Verdun the Germans were thrown back everywhere along an 11-mile front on the Chemin-des-Dames, leaving the ground thickly strewn with their dead and having failed to take even one French soldier prisoner.

Not a Single Yard Lost.

The French lines remained intact and the French commanding general, who watched the operations throughout from the front trenches, was able to declare that not a single yard of territory had been lost.

The German infantry appeared to have all the dash taken out of them by the French defense and made no attempt to regain the ground lost by the French reactions.

Cannon Roar On Whole Front.

The official communication issued by the War Office reads:

"There was artillery activity north of the Aisne, in the region of the Hurtebise Monument and the northern part of the Bois de Beau Marais, in Champagne, in the region of Mont Carnillet, and on the left bank of the Meuse in the region of Hill 304.

"Four hundred shells were fired against Rheims."

British Gain On 600-Yard Front.

London.—The British made an attack southwest of Hollebeke, in Belgium, near the Ypres canal. The official statement says the British line was advanced on a front of 600 yards. The announcement follows:

"Southwest of Hollebeke we advanced our lines slightly on a front of 600 yards. We carried out successful raids in the vicinity of Wietje and Nieupoort, and captured several prisoners."

"Bombing attacks were carried out by naval air service machines on the airfields at Ghislies and Nieupoort, and also on the seaplane sheds and a train at Zaaren. Several tons of bombs were dropped. All the machines returned safely."

SEES NO END OF WAR.

Germany Preparing For Struggle Through Next Winter.

Copenhagen.—Despite the predictions recently made in Berlin that this summer would see the end of the war, Germany is making preparations for another winter campaign. This information was received from a traveler who arrived from Germany. The German Government, he said, is beginning to get anxious over the entry of the United States into the war, but continues unabated its propaganda of belittling America's power.

SEVEN FOURTH'S TOLL.

Fatalities Year Ago Were 33, With 320 Injured.

Chicago.—Seven killed and 145 injured was the total of Fourth of July accidents throughout the country, according to records compiled by the Herald. This compared with 466 killed and 3,984 injured in 1903, and 163 killed and 5,480 injured in 1908, and 30 killed and 820 injured last year. Of the injured this year, fireworks were responsible for 87, cannon for 5, torpedoes 5, gunpowder for 27 and pistols for 21.

FLETCHER ON WAY TO CAPITAL.

Ambassador To Mexico Returning For Conference.

Laredo, Tex.—Henry P. Fletcher, American Ambassador to Mexico, arrived here from the Mexican capital and left for Washington. The Ambassador declined to discuss his mission to Washington. Press dispatches have indicated he would attend important Government conferences in the national capital.

SOUSA GOING TO TRENCHES.

Band Leader Composing Marches To Inspire Fighters.

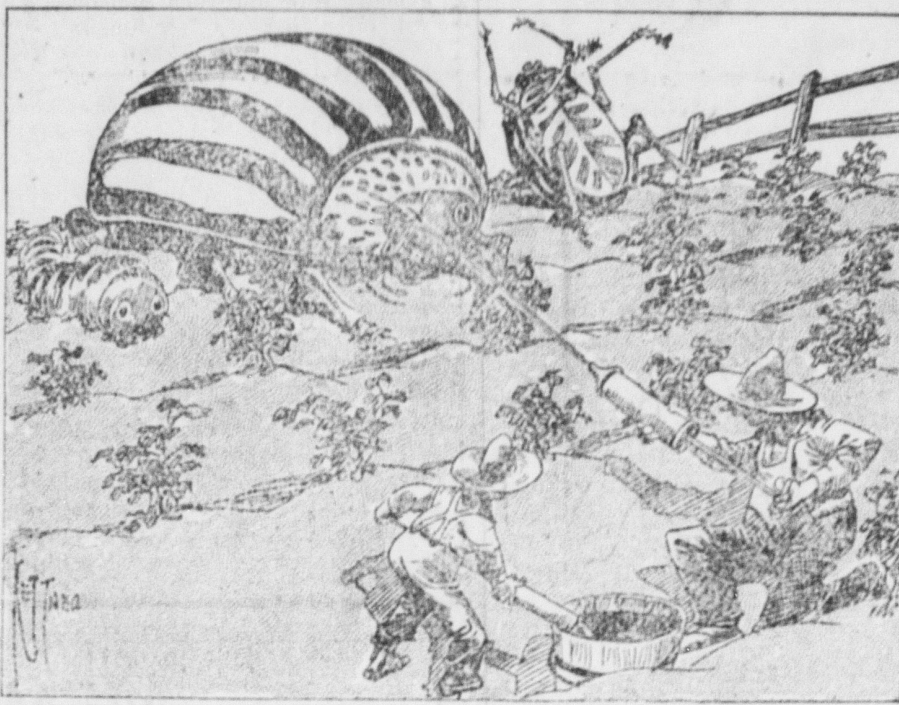
Bretton Woods, N. H.—John Philip Sousa, who is attending the Maplewood trap shoot, has received permission from the Government to take the marine band to the front in France. He is busy composing special marches and music for a triumphal entry into the French battle front.

POLAND TO BE NATION.

Bakhmeteff Says Commission To Arrange It Is In Petrograd.

Washington.—A special commission is now at work in Petrograd preparing for the establishment of a separate Polish nation, according to Boris Bakhmeteff, Russian Ambassador. The commission is headed by Alexander Ladinski, a Pole.

TANKS IN THE AMERICAN TRENCHES



U-BOATS ATTACK TROOP TRANSPORTS

Germans Knew in Advance of Details of Expedition.

BEATEN OFF BY DESTROYERS

Others Believed To Have Been Sent To Bottom By American Gunners. Every Fighting Man Brought Into Port.

Washington.—Safe arrival at a French port of the last ships of the first American overseas expedition was announced by Secretary Daniels in a statement revealing that twice on the way across the Atlantic German submarines attacked in force and were fought off by convoying warships.

The Americans did not lose a man, a ship or an animal. At least one of the undersea enemies was destroyed.

The work of spies through whom the Germans knew secrets of the expedition is disclosed by the news that the first attack was made far at sea before the transports and their convoys reached the point at which a rendezvous had been arranged with the American destroyer flotilla operating in European waters.

Submarines There In Force.

The submarine commanders apparently knew when and where to expect the American troops bound for the fighting lines in France, and were assembled in force to meet them.

It was just a week after the first transports landed that the last vessels put into the French port. They were slower craft carrying supplies and horses.

Secretary Daniels' statement, which tells all of the story deemed wise to publish, follows:

"It is with the joy of a great relief that I announce to the people of the United States the safe arrival in France of every fighting man and every fighting ship."

"Now that the last vessel has reached port, it is safe to disclose the dangers that were encountered, and to tell the complete story of peril and courage."

Gunnery Fire Accurate.

"The transports bearing our troops were twice attacked by German submarines on the way across. On both occasions the U-boats were beaten off with every appearance of loss. One was certainly sunk, and there is reason to believe that the accurate fire of our gunners sent others to the bottom."

"For purposes of convenience, the expedition was divided into contingents, each contingent including troop ships and a naval escort designed to keep off such German raiders as might be met."

"An ocean rendezvous had also been arranged with the American destroyers now operating in European waters in order that the passage of the danger zone might be attended by every possible protection."

Attacked At Night.

"The first attack took place at 10.30 on the night of June 22. What gives it peculiar and disturbing significance is that our ships were set upon at a point well inside of the rendezvous and in that part of the Atlantic presumably free from submarines."

"The attack was made in force, although the night made impossible any exact count of the U-boats gathered for what they deemed a slaughter."

Five Torpedoes Seen.

"The high seas convoy, circling with their searchlights, answered with heavy gunfire, and its accuracy stands proved by the fact that the torpedo discharge became increasingly scattered and inaccurate. It is not known how many torpedoes were launched, but five were counted as they sped by bow and stern."

"A second attack was launched a few days later against another contingent. The point of assault was beyond the rendezvous and our destroyers were sailing as a screen between the transports and all harm. The results of the battle were in favor of American gunnery."

"Not alone did the destroyers hold the U-boats at a safe distance, but their speed also resulted in the sinking of one submarine at least. Grenades were used in firing, a depth-charge explosive timed to go off at a certain distance under water. In one instance oil and wreckage covered the surface of the sea after a shot from a destroyer at a periscope, and the reports made claim of sinking."

"Protected by our high seas convoy, by our destroyers, and by French war vessels, the contingent proceeded, and joined the others in a French port."

"The whole nation will rejoice that so great a peril is passed for the vanguard of the men who will fight our battles in France. No more thrilling Fourth of July celebration could have been arranged than this glad news that lifts the shadow of dread from the heart of America."

Baker Thanks Navy.

Secretary Baker wrote the following letter to Secretary Daniels conveying the army's thanks to the navy:

"Word has just come to the War Department that the last ships conveying General Pershing's expeditionary force to France arrived safe today. As you know, the navy assumed the responsibility for the safety of these ships on the sea and through the danger zone. The ships themselves and their convoys were in the hands of the navy, and now that they have arrived, and carried, without the loss of a man, our soldiers who are the first to represent America in the battle of democracy, I beg leave to tender to you, to the admiral, and to the navy, the hearty thanks of the War Department and of the army. This splendid achievement is an auspicious beginning and it has been characteristic throughout by the most cordial and effective co-operation between the two military services."

U. S. SHIP IDAHO LAUNCHED.

Hull So Constructed That She Cannot Be Sunk By a Single Torpedo.

Camden, N. J.—Another monster fighting machine for the Navy took the water here Saturday from the yards of the New York Shipbuilding Company when the superdreadnought Idaho, sister ship to the Pennsylvania, flagship of the Atlantic fleet, was successfully launched. Henrietta Aurelia Simmons, granddaughter of Governor Alexander, of Idaho, was sponsor for the big ship and because of war conditions the general public was not admitted to the ceremony, which was witnessed by a small group of navy, congressional and company officials.

DYNAMITE IN CARGO OF COAL.

Made Up In Form Of Cartridge Used At Mines.

Havana.—In unloading coal from the Danish steamship Nawa, which just arrived here from Newport News, dock laborers found a small package of dynamite with a fuse attached. On examination the dynamite was found to have been made up in the form of a cartridge such as used in coal mines. A few weeks ago an explosion in coal which was being unloaded from the American steamer Lackawanna caused two deaths.

FARM LOANS HEAVY.

Soil Tillers Have Borrowed \$12,000,000, and More Is Sought.

Washington.—Four thousand four hundred and forty American farmers have borrowed an average of \$2,500 through the new rural credits system, or a total of nearly \$12,000,000, the Federal Farm Loan Board announced. These husbandmen constitute a strong contingent in the army of food producers on which President Wilson places so much reliance.

SKIMPY CLOTHES COMING.

Next Year's Styles To Make Thin Men Thinner, Fat Men Fatter.

Chicago.—Next spring's styles in clothes will make the thin man look thinner and the fat man look fatter. The general design will be the coy and skimpy English cut, which takes less wool. The suits will be without belts, cuffs, pleats and without many pockets. The decree was issued by the National Association of Clothing Designers, in session here.

BRAZIL IS NOW IN THE WAR GAME

Her Navy Co-operating With the American Fleet.

PATROLS SOUTHERN WATERS

President Wilson Considering the Sending Of a Mission To Brazil To Arrange a Plan Of Co-operation.

Washington.—Brazil's navy has begun co-operating with the American fleet in South American waters in hunting down German sea raiders and watching for German submarines.

Sending of a special diplomatic mission to Brazil to arrange for greater co-ordination of forces and the closest possible co-operation of the two governments is under consideration by the United States.

President Wilson now has under consideration the personnel of the mission to Brazil. It probably will leave the United States within a month or six weeks and will include men familiar with Latin-American conditions and representatives from the military establishments.

Brazil's seizure of the warbound German ships has added to her merchant marine more than 150,000 tons, which with that already at her disposal will, it is believed, contribute materially to the solution of the problem of getting supplies to the Allies.

Without formal declaration of war, Brazil thus practically joined the United States against Germany.

Coinciding with the inauguration of Brazil's naval operations a plan for protecting her merchant ships in their voyages to Allied ports with frozen meats and other foodstuffs has been put into effect.

Whether Brazil will supplement her action by a formal declaration of war is not known here and by some officials such action is regarded as doubtful because the government at Rio de Janeiro is inclined to regard its action rather defensive than aggressive.

For the present it is believed Brazil's part will be adequately done if she contributes to the safety of Southern seas and to the movement to Europe of foodstuffs.

TO TEACH GIRLS TO SAVE.

Collegiate Alumnae Association Offers Training Curriculum.

Washington.—The Association of Collegiate Alumnae has submitted to the woman's committee of the Defense Council a plan to enroll for training all girls between 16 and 21 years of age. The proposed curriculum includes food and clothing conservation, clerical, nursing and agricultural work and instruction in the use of the telegraph and telephone.

DEATH FOLLOWS DREAM.

Drakeman Crushed As He Had Seen Friend In Vision.

Towanda, Pa.—In his dreams he saw the mangled form of a dear friend lying under a train. He went to the place, but found no one. The next day Archie Burgess, of Towanda, 28 years old, a Lehigh trainman, was crushed to death in exactly the same manner as he dreamed that a friend had been killed.

GOSPEL OF CITIZENSHIP.

Many Clergymen Preach the Doctrine From Pulpits.

Washington.—Reports received by the Bureau of Naturalization indicated general response to its plea to America's clergy to deliver sermons Sunday in furtherance of the doctrines of citizen preparedness. The gospel of good citizenship was preached in many pulpits.

SPAIN NEAR REVOLUTION.

Overthrow of Monarchy and Establishment Of Republic Imminent.

London.—Spain appears to be in the throes of a revolution. In well-informed quarters here it is believed that the fall of the Spanish monarchy and the rise of a republic in its stead is only a matter of days. This view is justified by the latest development in Spanish politics.

FRENCH CRUISER SUNK.

Kleber Sent Down By Mine With Loss Of Thirty-eight.

Paris.—An official announcement was made that the armored cruiser Kleber had struck a mine off Port St. Mathieu on Wednesday and sunk. Three officers and 35 men were lost. The Kleber had come from Dakar, Africa, and was on its way to Brest.

U-BOAT HIT FROM AIR.

Italian Liner Reports Attack On Raider By Hydroplane.

An American Port.—A submarine which attacked a big Italian passenger liner is believed to have been struck by a bomb dropped by an Italian hydroplane 90 miles off Genoa, the liner reported on her arrival here.

Is Your Work Hard?

Work which brings any unusual strain on the back and kidneys tends to cause kidney ailments, such as backache, lameness, headache, dizziness and distressing urinary troubles. Kidney complaints make any kind of work doubly hard and if neglected there is danger of gravel, dropsy or Bright's disease. If your work is hard on the back, keep your kidneys in good condition with Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands rely on them.

A Virginia Case

Alex. Umberger, Spiller St., Wytheville, Va., says: "I had a steady, dull ache, across the small of my back. Hard work and heavy lifting brought on the trouble. The kidney secretions were irregular and painful in passage and at times, the backache was so severe, I could hardly straighten. It was hard for me to get out of bed mornings. Doan's Kidney Pills strengthened my back, and regulated my kidneys and the benefit has been permanent."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

She Understood.

Certain members of the house party were describing the accidents that had happened to them during their respective careers. Adventures by flood, fire and field had all been well received, and Mr. Brown, eager for fame, thought it was his turn.

"D'you know," he said, "I had a very painful experience once. I ran a confounded splinter quite half an inch long right under my finger-nail, don't you know?"

"Really, Mr. Brown," said a maiden of the party; "how did you do it?"

"Well," he said, "it happened like this."

As he spoke he unconsciously raised his hand and scratched his forehead.

"Oh, I see," she interrupted, sweetly; "how very careless of you!"

DANDRUFF AND ITCHING

Disappear With Use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment—Trial Free.

The first thing in restoring dry, falling hair is to get rid of dandruff and itching. Rub Cuticura Ointment into scalp, next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Prevent skin and scalp troubles by making Cuticura your everyday toilet preparation. Free sample each by mail with Book, Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Fulton Was a Great Man.

The class in history was studying the life of Robert Fulton. In connection with it they, of course, brought in the topic of the steamboat, which you know, made Fulton famous.

"What are many of the great uses of the steamboat?" asked the teacher. "What things might not have happened if the steamboat had not been invented?" she hinted.

"Well," answered little Johnny, who had been called on, "well, um-m-m, Columbus might not have discovered America."

A single application of Roman Eye Balsam upon going to bed will prove its merit by morning. Effective for inflammations of the Eyes, external and internal. Adv.

NEW METALS BEING SOUGHT

Manufacturers Looking for Substitutes for Those Now Used Because of Advance in Prices.

The recent advance in price of many of the more commonly used metals has led manufacturers to adopt or consider the adoption of various substitute metals or alloys for certain purposes. The advice of the bureau of standards has frequently been sought in this connection. An interesting field of investigation is opened up by such inquiries.

It appears that the metals traditionally and currently used for various articles are in many cases no better adapted for the purpose than others, and a slight difference in price would warrant a substitution. It is not usually possible, however, to suggest substitutes offhand, as there are many factors involving manufacturing peculiarities, durability and other physical and chemical properties that first have to be determined. "There is," says the bureau, "a very wide field of research here, which would undoubtedly repay manifold the efforts put upon it."—Scientific American.

Catching On.

"What is the meaning of 'alter ego'?" asked the teacher of the beginners' class in Latin.

"It means the 'other I,'" responded a pupil.

"Give me a sentence containing the phrase."

"He winked his alter ego."—Boston Transcript.

Physiological Breakage.

"Are there really such things as broken hearts?" "No, but there are lots of cracked brains."

"Give all the kids Post Toasties — They like 'em"



THOSE AWFUL CRAMPS

Suggestions that may save Much Suffering

Marysville, Pa.—"For twelve years I suffered with terrible cramps. I would have to stay in bed several days every month. I tried all kinds of remedies and was treated by doctors, but my trouble continued until one day I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it had done for others. I tried it and now I am never troubled with cramps and feel like a different woman. I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound too highly and I am recommending it to my friends who suffer as I did."

—Mrs. GEORGE R. NAYLOR, Box 72, Marysville, Pa.

Young women who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, headache, dragging-down sensations, fainting spells or indigestion should take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Thousands have been restored to health by this root and herb remedy.

Write for free and helpful advice to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. Only women open and read such letters.

BREAD AS ECONOMICAL FOOD

Would Be Used More Extensively If Home-Baked Variety Was Always Good, Say Government Experts.

If home-baked bread were uniformly well made, it would be used more extensively than at present in place of more expensive foods, say specialists in the United States department of agriculture, and this would be a distinct economy. From the standpoint of nutrition it makes very little difference whether breadstuffs are served in the form of bread or in the form of breakfast cereals, side dishes with meat, or desserts.

A man engaged in moderate muscular work can profitably consume about three-fourths of a pound a day of breadstuffs in any one of these forms. This quantity is the equivalent of one pound of baked bread. As a matter of fact, however, it is not probable that in the average family this quantity is consumed and the deficiency is made up by the use of more expensive substances. Of course bread alone is not sufficient for the maintenance of health, but from both an economical and a hygienic point of view should be used more extensively than it usually is, declare the experts.

The Reichsrath a Babel.

That parliament of Babel, the reichsrath, now engaged in playing an obscure part in the Austro-Hungarian peace hunt, is permitted to express its emotions in eight official languages—symbolic of the war of tongues raging in the empire itself. In the great vocal chorus the Slavonian may be said to have struck the strident note, for the very word he has coined for himself expresses the belief that no man is a talker except himself. "Slavan," in Old Slavonian, meant "to speak," and as the Slav understood no other speech, the others were naturally the dumb dogs.—London Daily Chronicle.

Still One More Task to Face.

"So your long day's work is done?" "Not yet. I've finished as far as the office is concerned, but as soon as I get home and eat my supper I've got to go with my wife to some moving picture show."

Say So!

"Do you support any charity?" "Rather. I've got a son in college."—Life.

The Danger Zone for Many Is Coffee Drinking

Some people find it wise to quit coffee when their nerves begin to "act up."

The easy way nowadays is to switch to

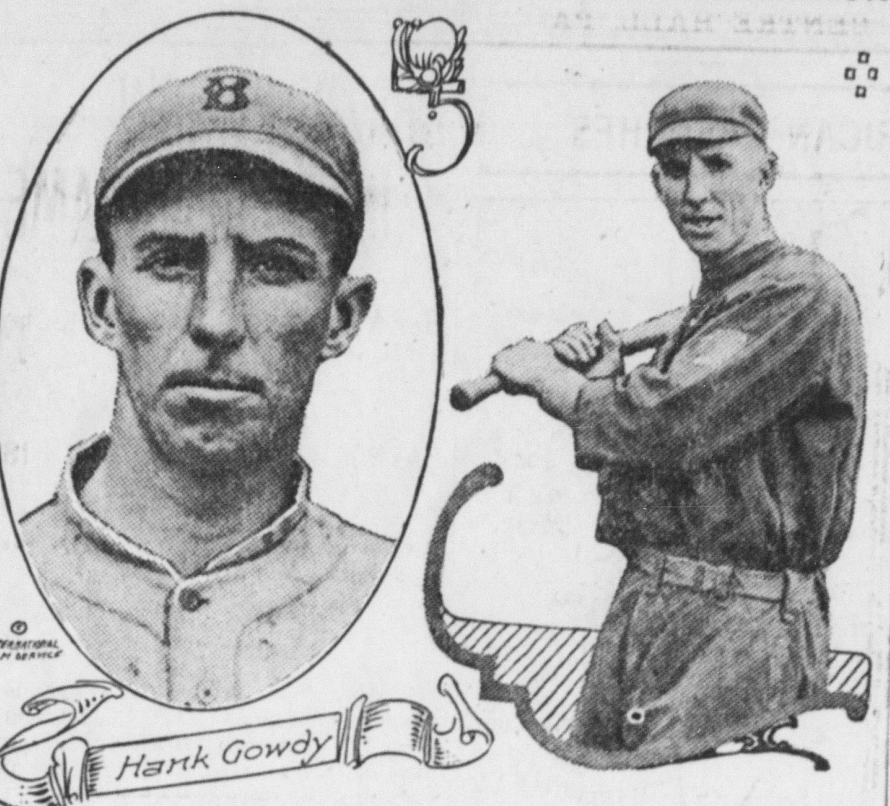
Instant Postum

Nothing in pleasure is missed by the change, and greater comfort follows as the nerves rebuild.

Postum is economical to both health and purse.

"There's a Reason"

HANK GOWDY'S ACT WORTHY OF EMULATION



FIRST BASEBALL PLAYER TO ENLIST IN ARMY.

Baseball fans will never forget Harry (Hank) Gowdy. The tall blond catcher of the Boston Braves has made his name among professional ball players by no act on the diamond, although he is known by reputation wherever our national game is played.

Gowdy is the first player among the hundreds eligible for national service in the major league who has enlisted. By thus coming to the front by his own voluntary act he not only displays a true Americanism which reflects great credit upon him personally, but also that of his profession. But he also has done an act that undoubtedly will be emulated by others of the professional diamond.

Gowdy is no ordinary ball player. Neither is he of ordinary mold. He is a recognized leader among those of his profession; a man with character and brains. Gowdy is a man who would have been successful in most any vocation that he might have selected, had not his skill as a ball player made him one of the best catchers in the

oldest of the baseball organizations. For five years he has been the mainstay of the Braves back of the bat, and his work always has been conscientious and marked by a degree of skill that marked him a leader of those playing his position. He came into unusual prominence in the world's series between Boston and the Athletics in the fall of 1914, when the Braves were the first to win the championship title by taking four straight games.

Gowdy was the batting hero of the series. He also caught all the games for Boston, and his all-round playing as a catcher was never more brilliant in his career than in these games. Standing more than six feet, weighing close to 190 pounds, of fine intelligent face, with a shock of waving blond hair, he always has been a conspicuous figure on the professional diamond. Gowdy sacrifices a salary of \$8,000 as a ball player to serve his country in the humble capacity of a private in the Ohio National Guard.

All honor and glory to Gowdy.

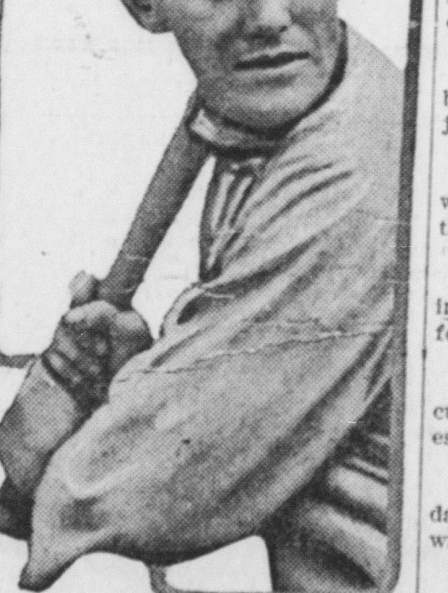
RAY CHAPMAN HELPS INDIANS

Best Shortstop in American League In 1915 Again Back in Stride—Is Speedy on Bases.

One factor in the Indians' getting into the first division is the return of Ray Chapman to the form he displayed in 1915, when he was known as the best shortstop in the league when every department of the game was considered.

He is fielding brilliantly again, is hitting over .300, has made many extra-base hits, is getting on bases consistently, leads in stolen bases and is tied for second honors as a run-getter. His speed on the bases has been marvelous, especially when one recalls

He is fielding brilliantly again, is hitting over .300, has made many extra-base hits, is getting on bases consistently, leads in stolen bases and is tied for second honors as a run-getter. His speed on the bases has been marvelous, especially when one recalls



Ray Chapman.

that three years ago he broke his ankle and a year ago was out a month with water on the knee, an accident that many thought would result in his slowing up.

LOSE EXTRA-INNING GAMES

Giants Begin to Get Fidgety After Contest Has Gone Beyond the Regulation Distance.

One thing which is absolutely essential for the Giants to acquire to be considered a real high-class team is the ability to win extra-inning games, writes Frederick G. Lieb in the New York Sun. Imagine a team like the old Cubs or the Athletics of a few years back being considered beaten after a game had passed the nine-inning stage. The Athletics practically were unbeatable in extra innings. Yet on the Polo grounds as soon as a game goes into the tenth inning the fans say "Good-night."

In a way, the mentality of the giant players is largely responsible for this so-called fidgety line. They have lost so many extra-inning games at home during the last two seasons that they get fidgety after a game goes beyond the regulation distance.

DIAMOND NOTES

Looks like the Pirates aren't standing, but stooping.

Guy Morton, the Cleveland pitcher, has come back as well as ever.

Seven American league managers are heartily in favor of Ruthless baseball.

Judge is making a better record at the bat as the Washingtons' lead-off man.

Umpire Al Orth has a son who is a second lieutenant in the United States army.

Mule Watson of the Cardinals is a great pitcher—against the Cincinnati Reds.

Earl Mack, the son of the Athletics, is now with the Harrisburg team as catcher.

The Detroiters are down in the race, but Ty Cobb is getting his base hits just the same.

Maisel is as fast as ever. He is worrying the enemy with his speed on the base paths.

Casey Stengel has put the Dodgers into their stride, which has been short for a long time.

"Mule" Watson has the speed and curves, but he seems to lack the necessary headwork.

Chief Myers stole a base the other day. Next thing we know Ernie Koob will be getting a hit.

Some baseball teams are not satisfied to go South in March, but insist on going South again in July.

Cy Falkenberg made a two-base hit the other day. Cy won't be expected to get another hit until 1919.

Since he broke up his old championship team Mack has tried 250 men, including possibly 25 ball players.

Rolle Zeider is getting to be such a favorite with the fans that he is cheered every time he comes to bat.

Bob Bescher, the Cards' left fielder, is playing his tenth season in the National league and is just as fast as ever.

One day Garry Herrmann favored an 18-player limit and the next day he was opposed to it. Who talked to you Garry?

Philadelphia predict that Rube Schauer will earn his salt for the Athletics, but whether that means anything or not depends on the price of salt.

Trying to tell where those top three National league teams will finish is like trying to tell where you are by looking out of a train window at night.

BETTING ON BASEBALL

"The amount of money that is wagered on baseball," says Arnold Rothstein, "is grossly exaggerated. I find that there is little real betting on the daily games. Now and then someone will offer to bet a fair amount that a certain pitcher will beat the Giants, but these offers are few and far between."

"You will hear it said that \$1,000,000 has been wagered on the Giants winning the pennant this year. Don't believe it. The true amount is nearer \$100,000. One man who is reputed to have wagered \$50,000 on McGraw's team has only \$15,000. He would bet the other \$35,000, but he can't get it covered at even money."

"There is little or no money bet on the American league race. A few small bets have been made that the Yankees will finish higher than the White Sox. Baseball is not a good betting proposition, which may be just as well for the game."

ROLLO ZEIDER A HANDY MAN

Cub Player Is Battling Viciously and Can Play Any Infield Position With Dexterity.

Rollo Zeider is proving a handy man for the Cubs. He is battling vehemently and can play any infield position with considerable range and dexterity.



Rollo Zeider.

Zeider was once a White Sox, and later a Yank, handicapped by a pedal infirmity, and not able to show how good a player he was until he went to a hospital and had himself amputated from a bunion.

PLAY BASEBALL IN EUROPE

Manager Callahan of Pirates Thinks American Game Will Be Introduced After War Ends.

Manager Jimmy Callahan of the Pirates believes that after the war is over and the various countries have had a chance to straighten themselves out and commence living again, international baseball will be a possibility.

Says Jimmy:

"When we played our games in London with the round-the-world teams a few years ago, the Britishers did not care much for the sport. Ground balls, and the fielding of them, did not interest them much, not nearly so much as fly balls which were caught. It didn't matter if it was a foul ball. They would applaud these and the fielding that went with them. Balls of that sort had cricket features, I suppose. Running bases and sliding to or back to a base were things they were inclined to laugh at and treat as a joke. I think that after the war if we take two teams over things will be different, and that there will be a grand opportunity to put in some likes for international baseball. Why not? It is far ahead of every other game that's played."

FOUR NO-HIT GAMES IN 1908

Major League Pitchers Establish New Record in This Department of Professional Ball.

The four no-hit games hurled by major league pitchers during the first month of 1917 season have established a new record in this department of professional baseball. The major league annals show that the greatest number of no-hit games pitched in any one season was in 1908, when there were four in the American and two in the National league. In 1900, 1905 and 1916 four such feats were recorded.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

A Sporting Event.

At a recent sports meeting in a country town an old countryman picked up a disused program of events and was studying it earnestly when a swell approached him.

"Hello, old chap, what's the next event on the program?"

Old Man (looking up from his card):

—A donkey race, sir. Are you going to run?"

Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" is powerful and prompt but safe. One dose will be enough to expel Worms or Tapeworm. No castor oil necessary. Adv.

War Spirit Contagious.

Sir Herbert Beerbohm Tree was more than once placed in a perplexing position by the loss of members of his cast during his tour through-out Canada and the United States. No less than ten members enlisted, including two ladies for service in war hospitals. One humorous incident occurred after the engagement of a "deputy" in the United States. She was not very much interested in the war prior to her appointment, but the talk behind the scenes among the company bore so frequently on the loss of relatives at the front that she felt one night impelled to volunteer as a nurse, was eventually accepted, and her place had to be filled.

From the hat dealer's point of view two heads are better than one.

Save the Babies

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twenty-two per cent., or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirty-seven per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save many of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity, they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. There can be no danger in the use of Castoria if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher as it contains no opiates or narcotics of any kind.

Genuine Castoria always bears the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*.

Raise High Priced Wheat on Fertile Canadian Soil

Canada extends to you a hearty invitation to settle on her FREE Homestead lands of 160 acres each or secure some of the low priced lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. This year wheat is higher but attractive than ever. Canada wants you to help feed the world by tilling some of her fertile soil—land similar to that which during many years has averaged 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre. Think of the money you can make with wheat around \$2 a bushel and land so easy to get. Wonderful yields also of Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed farming in Western Canada is as profitable an industry as grain growing.

The Government this year is asking farmers to put increased acreage into grain. There is a great demand for farm labor to replace the many young men who have volunteered for service. The climate is healthy and agreeable, railway facilities excellent, good schools and churches convenient. Write for literature as to reduced railway rates to Dept. of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to

J. P. JAFFRAY,
Cor. Walnut & Broad Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.
Canadian Government Agent

Her Parting Shot.

"You have returned all my letters and presents, Hortense," says Egbert, "but you seem to be retaining my photograph. May I yet dare to hope that—"

"Oh, your photograph? I sent that to Life, thinking the editor would want to run it as one of those pictures for which they pay a \$100 to anybody that can supply a proper title."—Life.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles. As the prescription ointment—double strength—is simply get an ounce of ointment—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little at night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have been vanquished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength ointment, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

An Abandoned Industry.

Henry—I see it is ordained as the farmers should grow pigs these times. Have you any coming along, Jarge?

George—No. 'Enry; I haven't taken no interest in pigs much since the missus died.—London Tatler.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills contain nothing but vegetable ingredients, which act gently as a tonic and purgative by stimulation and not by irritation. Adv.

James J. Hill, deceased, left \$50,000, 000 worth of property in Minnesota.

I know what pleasure is, for I have done good work.—R. L. Stevenson.

Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Marline Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Druggists or by mail 50c per Bottle. Marline Eye Remedy in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye REMEDY ask Marline Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Twenty-Five Years' Experience With Kidney Remedy

Between twenty-five and thirty years ago I commenced selling Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root and during all that time I have never heard a single complaint from my customers; they are more inclined to praise it, and judging from their favorable remarks and the repeated sales I enjoy I am confident that Swamp-Root is a valuable medicine for the troubles for which it is intended.

Very truly yours,

OTTO H. G. LIPPETT,
Pharmacist,
1601 Freeman, Cor. Liberty Sta.
Sept. 19, 1916. Cincinnati, Ohio.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Rubber Consumption Growing.

Consumption of rubber per capita is more than twice what it was 25 years ago. One company expects to manufacture uppers of shoes from rubber as well as soles. This company will operate its own merchant marine to bring crude rubber from Sumatra and carry manufactured articles to all parts of the world. The company now employs 28,621 men, and manufactures 218,000 pairs of rubber shoes a day. More than a million trees on Sumatra plantations are being tapped.

Choosing His Words.

Wife—"Why are you speaking so sharply?"

Hubby—"Because I want to get a word in edgewise."

Every Woman Wants

Paxtine

ANTISEPTIC POWDER

FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE

Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleansing and germicidal power. Sample Free. 50c. All druggists, or mailed by mail. The Paxtine Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE

Placed anywhere, Daley Fly Killer attracts and kills all flies. Nest, clean, ornamental, convenient, and cheap. Kills house flies, stable flies, and all other annoying flies. One box will kill thousands of flies. Daley Fly Killer. Sold by druggists, or 25c. by mail. Daley Fly Killer Co., 120 E. Main St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LABORERS—White and Colored Steady Work—Good Wages

Excellent opportunity for handy men to advance in all trades. Can also use all classes of Mechanics at Good Wages. Apply in person to Bethlehem Steel Co., Sparrow's Point, Md.

FARMS—United States Government

will loan you money to buy a farm, 40 years to pay. A few hundred dollars starts you. Farmers will be just ones sent to war, government officials will mail particulars and new farm list free. R. F. & Co., Real Estate, BEAVER FALLS, PA.

LADIES! If your health is not good, our Bitters are guaranteed to help you. Write Winkelman Bitters Co., Ft. Wayne, Indiana.

PATENTS

Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. High-class references. Best results.

TING-O-LING Dry-method hair promoter. Send one name and be with de stamp and receive trial package. 214 2nd Avenue, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Save Two Profits Buy direct. House slippers, oak leather shoes and best, the slippers. Bebeber Slipper Factory, 128 West, Chicago.

Canvassers to sell newly invented Antiseptic Antiseptic Comb Co., 216 Vine St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

W. N. U., BALTIMORE, MD. 27-1917.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, JULY 12, 1917

Thirty-five Years Ago.

June 20, 1882.—A runaway horse of John T. Lee, on Saturday, caused his little son to be thrown from the wagon, receiving some severe bruises.

Dr. Alexander has the foundation for his new residence completed, and will have the house under roof before fall. It will be of brick and one of the finest in town when completed.

The outlook for a good apple crop is not promising.

REBERSBURG

Farmers are busy making hay; the crop is short.

Mrs. Jessie Snyder, a few days ago, lost by death her grey driving horse.

C. L. Beck, who had been employed at Lock Haven the past two months, has returned home.

Lester Minnick, a concrete contractor of Milton, spent Sunday at this place with his family.

Since last week McClellan Wert, of near Wolfe Store, became the owner of a large touring car.

James Granley recently built a concrete foundation on which he will erect a silo.

Charles Heller and wife, of Akron, Ohio, arrived at this place last week and will spend several months at the home of Mr. Heller's parents.

Henry Stitzer is building an addition—20 by 40 feet—to his barn. George Greninger is the boss carpenter.

Mr. Stines and family, Mr. Markel and family, all of Zieglerville, spent a few days the past week at this place at the home of Rev. Hunsicker.

Mr. Kelly and family, of State College, spent Sunday at this place with Mrs. Kelly's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Meyers.

Edwin Hosterman, who for the past year has been a patient at the Danville hospital, returned to his home at Wolfe Store last Wednesday, greatly improved.

The Smullon Lumber company has shut down its mill in order to give the employees a chance to help the farmers make hay and harvest their grain.

Robert Parks and family, of Hazleton, passed through town on Saturday enroute to the east end of the valley where they will visit relatives for a week.

Linden Hall

from last week.

Miss Laura Ishler is visiting in Maryland.

The Boal machine gun troop has been ordered to Mt. Gretna, July 17th.

Leslie Schaffer and family are guests at the Elmer Campbell home.

Fred Ross, of Pine Grove Mills, spent last week here with his grandparents.

Miss Elmira Osman is spending a few weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Bruce McCormack, in Sunbury.

Clarence Blazer had been laid up for the past week but is now able to be around.

Mrs. A. G. Wolf and two children, Robert and Anna Claire, arrived Monday at the W. J. Noll home.

Mrs. J. W. Keller and son, Harry, of State College, accompanied by the F. E. Wieland family, spent Sunday at the Mrs. R. M. Wolf home at Woodward.

Mrs. Ed. Cunningham, of Bellefonte, and daughter, Mary, accompanied by Miss Pearl Gilliland, of Milesburg, were over Sunday guests at the J. I. Ross home.

The Linden Hall baseball team won another victory on Saturday, when in a seven inning game with Boalsburg, they came out victorious by the score of 8 to 5. The Juniors were not so fortunate, losing to Centre Hall Juniors on their own grounds.

Tusseyville

Miss Hilda Emenhizer is spending a few days at the Paul Emenhizer home.

Mrs. George Lee and Mrs. John Lee, of Lemont, are spending some time at the William Rokey home.

Mrs. Samuel Lambert, of Lock Haven, is visiting a few months among relatives and friends.

Mrs. Mary Ripke, of Spring Mills, visited over Sunday at the William Rokey home.

Walter, the little son of Fred Horner, has been sick but is better at this writing.

from last week.

Miss Sarah Heckman, of Penn Hall, is spending a week with friends here.

Harry Diller, of Lancaster, spent a few days among relatives here.

Miss Bernice Swartz has returned home from Bellsgrove for her summer vacation.

Mrs. Charles Geary and three children, of Altoona, are spending some time with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Rossmann.

Mrs. Marie Wagner and Miss Elizabeth Bitner spent a week at Lock Haven among relatives.

Little Luther Wert has fully recovered from the misfortune of breaking his collar bone in a fall a few weeks ago.

Rev. and Mrs. Fred W. Barry and daughter, of Cumberland, Md., Mr. William Mitterling and son Henry, Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland Mitterling and daughter, spent Saturday at the M. F. Rossmann home.

Pine Grove Mills.

The Red Cross organization will hold a festival on Saturday evening.

Miss Lucy Tanyer, of Winburn, is home for her summer vacation.

W. E. McWilliams is handing out Uncle Sam's mail from a new Ford car.

Miss Maude Martz is visiting friends at Cleveland, Ohio, before school opens.

Grandmother Emma Hees, who has seen eighty summers, is visiting relatives at the Branch and at State College.

Mrs. John Sausserman is arranging to go to the U. of P. hospital in Philadelphia to undergo an operation for goiter.

Wallace Archey, a soldier boy in training at Camp Allentown, was home on a three-day furlough to see his mother, whose health is not robust.

Irene, wife of Rev. W. C. Dunlap, died in the Louisville, Ky., hospital, June 30th, after a surgical operation. Rev. Dunlap is a native of Pine Grove Mills, and for the past three years has been located in Louisville.

A community flag raising took place at Graysville Wednesday evening. The emblem was made by the ladies of the village. Dr. E. E. Sparks addressed the gathering. Capt. T. D. Boal with a platoon of troops, gave a machine gun demonstration.

DIED IN HAY FIELD

Homer Barr, a well known citizen of Gatesburg, died in the hay field last Friday afternoon. He was aiding his son in making hay when he was overcome by the heat, expiring instantly. He was a carpenter by trade and built many fine homes in the valley. His age was fifty-six years. His wife and several children survive.

The low temperatures, lack of sunshine and general weather conditions kept the crops back during May and the general season is from ten days to three weeks back in many sections of the State.

PUBLIC SCHOOL FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF PETER TOWNSHIP DISTRICT, CENTRE COUNTY, PA.

For the fiscal year ending July 2, 1917.

Whole number of schools.....	13
Number of teachers employed.....	13
Number of pupils enrolled in all schools.....	308
Average daily attendance.....	19
Amount of tax levied for school purposes.....	\$4417 09

TREASURER'S ACCOUNT.

MONEY RECEIVED.

Balance on hand from last year.....	\$1254 26
Received from State appropriation.....	2800 50
From collector, including taxes of all kinds.....	4455 91
From Department of Forestry.....	131 56
From High school tuition fees.....	75 82
Total receipts.....	\$8237 45

MONEY PAID OUT.

For text books.....	\$184 70
For supplies other than text books, including maps, globes, etc.....	158 06
For teachers' wages.....	4200 00
For rent and repairs.....	115 65
For fuel and contingencies.....	508 22
Fees of collectors, \$117.29.....	187 92
Treasurer, \$70.65.....	187 92
Salary of Secretary, stationery, postage, etc.....	100 74
For printing and auditors fees.....	16 75
For salary expenses.....	6 00
For all other purposes and sundry expenses.....	1656 51
Total money paid out.....	\$7183 55
Cash on hand.....	\$1108 90

RESOURCES

Cash on hand.....	\$1108 90
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LIABILITIES

None.

We hereby certify that we have examined the above and find it correct.

J. E. RISHEL,
J. B. SPANGLER,
J. H. RUNKLE,
Auditors.

Witness our hands this 24 day of July, 1917.

E. W. CRAWFORD Pres.
F. F. FLORAY, Sec'y.

27029

Why is the Dairy Cow Slaughtered in Great Numbers?

"The number of milk cows that have gone to the block in the last few months have been far beyond the average," says L. W. Lighty, farm advisor of the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture. "Cow feed is quoted at \$55 to \$65 a ton, whereas formerly it was \$25 to \$35 a ton. The price the farmer gets for milk is almost the same as before these abnormal feed prices. At the end of the month the feed merchant's account is greater than the milk check and what should a business man do? He sells his cows and the butcher offers the best price."

"The dairyman does not want to sell his cows but he is compelled to do so because the organized milk buyers will not pay him the actual cost of production. These milk buyers are bringing a terrible calamity to this country."

"In one year a fairly good dairy cow will yield 600 to 700 pounds of water free digestible food, wholesome and well balanced. She will continue to do this for years. If you slaughter the cow you will get barely the half of this weight water free digestible food, of a far inferior quality besides ending the future production of food."

"The cow not only yields the above great quantity of food in the form of milk, but she reproduces herself every year. Thus in six years she would give humanity two tons of the best food besides increasing the bovine population six times. Kill her and get a patty 300 pounds of food and then no more. The way to keep this wonderful food producer going is to pay the farmer a living price for the milk produced. On an average this figure now is 7 cents a quart."

The Restless Sex.

Robert W. Chambers' great new novel in Cosmopolitan is making a hit. Everyone is talking about it. If you haven't started "The Restless Sex" begin with the second installment in August Cosmopolitan.

You will find the story of Stephanie Quest one of the most absorbing novels you have ever read. It is one of Mr. Chambers' best works.

It is not only a novel of ingenious plot construction but it is a great narrative of a girl's struggle against man-made conventions.

Get August Cosmopolitan to-day. It is full of great stories and great pictures by the foremost writers and artists of to-day.

New Spring & Light Weight Goods for Suits and Dresses

White Goods
Sheeting
Pillow Tubing
Shirtings
Dress Gingham
Lancaster Apron Gingham
Percales and Linens
Ready-made Underwear
Gauze
Nainsook
Long Cloth and Muslin
Ready-made Aprons
Old-Fashioned Calico for Quilts

SUNBURY BREAD EVERY DAY

*store closes every Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock.

H. F. Rossmann

SPRING MILLS, PA.

SPECIAL AT Kessler's THIS WEEK

We offer our Large Assortment of LADIES' SUITS, COATS AND SILK DRESSES--

At Almost Half Price

Although you all know of the great advance in the prices of merchandise at the present time—WE ARE SELLING OUR GOODS AT OLD PRICES.

Come and take advantage of the bargains we are offering you for This Week.

KESSLER'S DEPARTMENT STORE

MILLHEIM

THE CENTRE HALL PHARMACY

Pure Drugs
Prescriptions carefully filled by a licensed pharmacist.

The Best Assortment of High-grade CIGARS in town.

A Fine Line of Pure Candies

Baseball Goods
Gloves, Mitts and Balls

The Centre Hall Pharmacy
Centre Hall, Pa.

Try this office for your printing.



MONTGOMERY & CO.

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Remember---

It is the desire of this store to serve you to perfection

When you purchase here you get dollar for dollar value, and when you just look and don't purchase you get courtesy in the nicest and fullest degree.

Today we present a distinguished Norfolk, THE PORTLAND

It is the favorite with men who feel that unless they pay a fortune for a garment it can't be good or desirable in style. The price of the Portland is \$10 to \$25, which is far from a fortune, but the style, the tailoring and the character are above reproach.

Tailored at Fashion Park.

THE FASHION PARK AGENTS.

16-DAY SEASHORE EXCURSIONS

Atlantic City

Cape May, Wildwood
Ocean City, Sea Isle City and Other Resorts

SATURDAYS
July 14, 28, Aug. 11, 25, Sept. 1

\$7.60 from Centre Hall

25 cents additional to Atlantic City via Delaware River Bridge Route.

For details as to time of trains or stop-over privileges, see Flyer, consult Agents

42nd Annual Asbury Park, Ocean Grove Excursion, August 23.

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The Gasoline That Yields Most Miles to the Gallon

Because of its uniform High Quality. Try us on your next need of gas and note the difference.

Also High Grade Oils.

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CENTRE HALL, PA.

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JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
LINDEN HALL, CENTRE CO., PA.

Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, etc., written and executed with care. All legal business promptly attended to. Special attention given to settling of Estates, Marriage Licenses, Automobile Licenses, and all other Applications.

Blankets kept on hand. Nov. 24, 17

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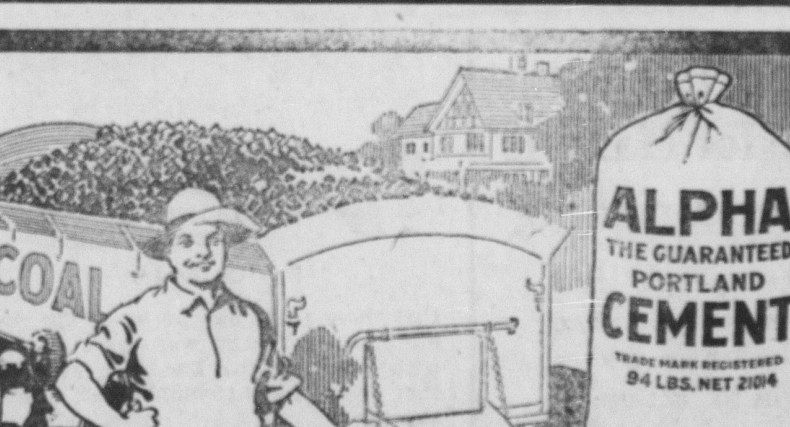
Chas. D. Bartholomew
CENTRE HALL, PA.

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Nov. 18, 1916



Coal That's All Coal Hourly-Tested Cement

We handle the choicest grades and you can count on our deliveries. Our coal comes from mines that have high reputations for careful grading, and our cement comes from the pioneer manufacturer whose product for a quarter of a century has represented the high-water mark of quality. It is

ALPHA THE GUARANTEED PORTLAND CEMENT

and ALPHA Cement is tested by chemists every hour, day and night, throughout the process of manufacture. They make sure that the raw materials are of the proper grade, and mixed, burned and ground exactly right. The result is that ALPHA is always high in binding power.

We warrant every bag of ALPHA Cement invariably to meet standard specifications for fineness, tensile strength and binding power. It makes concrete that grows harder and stronger with age. The people who buy ALPHA Cement once always come back for more.

Try our coal or cement the next time you order. If you are planning to build or make repairs, come in and get our valuable 80-page book, "ALPHA Cement—How to Use It." It tells how to mix concrete and how to make dozens of everlasting improvements on the farm or around the home.

R. D. FOREMAN

Centre Hall, Pa.